



VLFACM Program Description and Operational Manual

J. P. HAUSER AND F. J. RHOADS

Transmission Technology Branch Information Technology Division

FRANCIS J. KELLY

Ionospheric Effects Branch Space Science Division



November 24, 1981



NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY Washington, D.C.

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

81 12 29 079



SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered) READ INSTRUCTIONS
BEFORE COMPLETING FORM REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE T. REPORT NUMBER NRL Report 8530 TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED 4. TITLE (and Subtitle) Final report on phase 1 VLFACM PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND **OPERATIONAL MANUAL** 6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER 7. AUTHOR(a) CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(a) J.P. Hauser, F.J. Rhoads, and F.J. Kelly S. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS 41-0991-0-1 Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375 12. REPORT DATE 11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND AGGRESS November 24, 1981 13. NUMBER OF PAGES 58 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II dillerent from Controlling Office) UNCLASSIFIED 15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited. 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report) 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Earth-ionosphere waveguides Propagation Atmospheric noise Ionosphere ANTRACT (Continue on reverse side it necessary and identity by block number)

VI FACM is a FORTPAN commuter program which can co

VLFACM is a FORTRAN computer program which can compute signal or noise-field strengths and signal-to-noise, signal-to-jam, or signal-to-jam-plus-noise ratios in the 14- to 30-kHz frequency range. Additional postprocessing programs exist which can plot VLFACM results in the form of rectangular or polar contour maps, field strength versus distance plots, or diurnal plots.

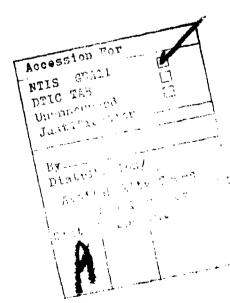
DD 1 JAN 73 1473

EDITION OF I NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE S/N 0102-014-6601

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	ì
HISTORY	l
PROPAGATION MODEL	2
NOISE MODELS	2
STATISTICAL METHODS	2
VLFACM OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW	3
VLFACM NOMENCLATURE	3
VLFACM INPUT SPECIFICATIONS	
VLFACM SAMPLE JOBS	12
PLOTTING PROGRAMS	
REFERENCES	
APPENDIX A - VLFACM Printed Outputs	17
APPENDIX B - VLFACM Graphic Outputs	51



VLFACM PROGRAM DESCRIPTION AND OPERATIONAL MANUAL

INTRODUCTION

The Very Low Frequency Automatic Computation Method (VLFACM) is a computer program designed to evaluate the effectiveness of VLF communication circuits. The propagation and atmospheric noise models cover the 10- to 30-kHz-frequency range. Signal and noise thresholds, signal-to-noise, and signal-to-jam ratios can be computed for specified time availabilities, or conversely, time availabilities may be computed for specified ratios and thresholds. VLFACM is written in FORTRAN and is presently being run on the (NRL's) Texas Instruments Advanced Scientific Computer (TI/ASC), which is a large batch processing machine.

The purpose of this report is to enable someone unfamiliar with VLFACM to operate the computer program effectively. Effective program operation entails the ability to properly select program options and interpret the results as well as the expertise to execute the program on a computer. Therefore, brief but adequate descriptions of VLFACM models and methodologies are given, along with a detailed description of operational procedures.

HISTORY

The VLFACM propagation model, as originally developed by RCA [1], has undergone two successive modifications. The first modification, designated "NRL 1 and W.P. 18," consisted of adjustments in attenuation rates for "poor land," "arctic land," and "ice cap" [2]. The first revision was prompted by gross disagreement between the VLFACM propagation model and data collected over propagation paths having low-ground conductivity. A second revision, designated "NCPP 70" and based on a much larger amount of data, further refined the attenuation rates and excitation factors used in the VLFACM propagation model. The result was very good agreement between the model and data above 14 kHz. However, since no data below 14 kHz were used in the analysis, the model's validity below 14 kHz is questionable. In fact, comparison with data at 10.2 kHz has shown gross inaccuracies in the NCPP 70 propagation model at this frequency. Therefore, it is inadvisable to use the VLFACM program below 14 kHz.

The present model designation for the VLFACM program is NCPP 74. The designation results from a change in the atmospheric noise model used by VLFACM rather than the propagation model, which is the same as the NCPP 70 version. In the NCPP 74 version of VLFACM, the CCIR noise model [3] is replaced by the WGL noise model [4]. The WGL model, as refined by NRL, is more accurate than the CCIR model [5].

The majority of VLFACM communication coverage predictions existent in the user community have been generated with the NCPP 74 model. However, some users still may have predictions computed by the older NRL 1 and WP 18 or NCPP 70 models. Care should be taken when determining consistency of new results with older work to assure that the models are identical.

Manuscript submitted on August 8, 1981.

PROPAGATION MODEL

VLFACM computes the first two moments of a signal distribution, i.e., mean and standard deviation, at a receiver location given the location and power of the transmitter, the universal time, month, and frequency. The mean signal is calculated using a semi-empirical dominant mode propagation model. The mathematical formulation is similar to J. R. Wait's [6] for a single waveguide mode. However, the modal attenuation rates and excitation factors are empirically derived. The following parameters are accounted for in the computation of the mean signal strength: 1. changes in ground conductivity along the propagation path, 2. changes in ionospheric reflection height (day or night), 3. solar zenith angle (for daytime propagation), 4. direction of propagation with respect to the earth's magnetic field (for nighttime propagation), 5. total path length, and 6. frequency. Reference 2 gives a more detailed explanation of how mean signal strength is computed. Also, it is important to note that only the vertical electric (TM) field component at the ground is computed by VLFACM. This limits the program's applicability to TM fields generated and received at or near the ground.

The standard deviation of the signal strength is empirically derived and is based on the following parameters: 1. path length, 2. frequency, 3. season, 4. geomagnetic latitude, and 5. ionospheric condition, i.e., day, night or transition. Further explanation may be found in Ref. 7.

NOISE MODELS

Both the CCIR and the WGL atmospheric noise models are included in the current revision of the VLFACM program. Both models compute the mean and standard deviation of the vertical electric atmospheric radio noise at a receiver located at or near the ground. The WGL model is the one normally used for computing noise in VLFACM. However, an option to select the CCIR noise model is also available to facilitate computing noise at frequencies above 30 kHz. This option is provided to satisfy the requirements of some users who have needed signal-to-jam plus noise (S/J+N) predictions in the 30- to 44-kHz-frequency range. The technique used is to run the propagation model at 30 kHz and degrade the resultant signal and jam fields by a constant number of decibels to simulate the higher frequency, while at the same time using the CCIR noise at the higher frequency. The method is admittedly crude and is viewed as a stop gap measure until an LF program is produced that has the same signal-to-jam capabilities as VLFACM.

STATISTICAL METHODS

Both the propagation and the noise models compute the first and second moments of their respective distributions for each hour of a 24-hour day. Both signal and noise distributions are considered to be log-normally distributed over the span of one hour for any given month. In other words, if the signal or noise were measured each day during the same hour over a one-month period, the 30 measurements obtained would be log-normally distributed. From these moments, i.e., \tilde{S} , σ_S , \tilde{N} , σ_N , and, in the case of jam signals, J and σ_J , the first and second moments of the ratio distributions are derived in the following manner:

$$(\overline{S/N}) = \overline{S} - \overline{N}$$

$$\sigma_{S/N} = (\sigma_S^2 + \sigma_N^2)^{1/2}$$

$$(\overline{S/J}) = \overline{S} - \overline{J}$$

$$\sigma_{S/J} = (\sigma_S^2 + \sigma_J^2)^{1/2}.$$

These equations are valid only if S, N, and J are uncorrelated; and, this is assumed to be the case in VLFACM. Therefore, the S/N and S/J distributions are likewise log-normally distributed.

VLFACM also computes S/J+N and S/J+J ratios. The estimates of the first and second moments of these distributions are complicated by the linear addition of J+N and J+J. A technique for estimating the first and second moments of a linearly combined distribution, given the first and second moments of its addends, may be found in Ref. 8.

With the first and second moments of a log-normal distribution, one may calculate the threshold given the time availability or the time availability given the threshold. A threshold is a value of S, N, S/N, S/J, S/J+N, or S/J+J, whereas time availability is the percentage of time that a threshold is either equaled or exceeded at a specified location for a given span of time. VLFACM can compute thresholds or time availabilities on either an hour-by-hour basis or on a 24-hour basis. In the event that a 24-hour basis is chosen, VLFACM performs an iterative technique to find the threshold of the combined 24-hour distribution for a given time availability [9]. If the time availability is being computed for a combined 24-hour distribution for a given threshold, it is computed by averaging the hourly time availabilities.

VLFACM OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

VLFACM requires two files of data for proper execution. The first file is normally read in via a card reader or entered through a teletype terminal and contains the input specifications for essential parameters such as transmitter, receiver, and jammer coordinates, frequency, radiated power, required time availabilities or thresholds, month, and option flags. The second file contains either the WGL- or the CCIR-noise data, depending on which VLFACM noise option has been selected. It is the user's responsibility to see that the correct noise data file is assigned to the job.

The execution of the VLFACM load module generates two additional files of data. The first is a print file containing the input specification data and either the threshold levels or time availabilities, and the second is a tape or disc file containing the same information, but in a format compatible for input to plotting routines. The plotting routines are run as separate programs and provide a variety of options for graphic presentation of VLFACM data. Figure 1 depicts the processing involved in producing graphic output with the VLFACM computer program.

VLFACM NOMENCLATURE

Several points about VLFACM nomenclature are worth emphasizing. The first is the distinction drawn between "A" and "B" options. "A" options compute thresholds or time availabilities for many points, whereas "B" options compute for only a single point. Therefore, one must specify an "A" option if the final graphic output is to be a contour map or a threshold/time availability versus distance plot. For a diurnal plot, one must begin with a "B" option.

"Time availability" (TA) and "probability" are often used interchangeably. VLFACM can give the time availability as a number in the range 0 to 1 for a single hour of a month or for all hours of a month. For example, a 90-percent (.9) time availability for all hours of the month means that for a given month at a specified location the threshold level is equaled or exceeded 90% of the total time during that month.

The preceding example also illustrates what is meant by the "all hours" option. The other options are "specific hour" or "worst hour." Specific hour means that time availability or threshold is computed for each specified hour rather than for a combined 24-hour distribution. For example, if 1200 GMT were chosen, a 90-percent time availability would mean that the threshold is equaled or exceeded 90% of the time during the 1200 GMT hour over the span of a month. The worst hour option is similar to the specific hour option with the difference that VLFACM determines which GMT hour has the lowest threshold or time availability, and results are given for that hour.

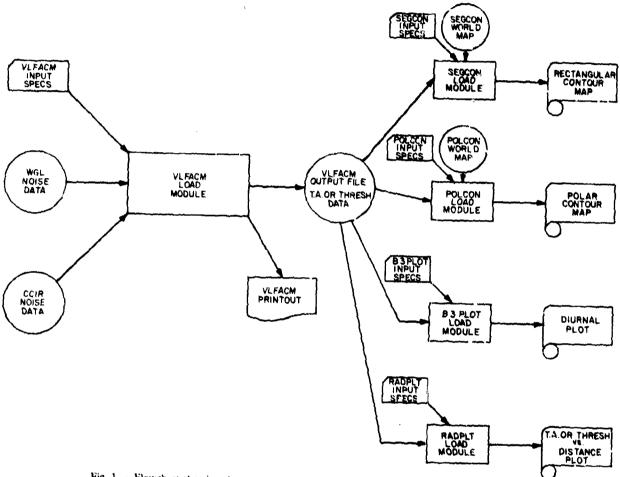


Fig. 1 - Flowchart showing the process required to produce graphic output from VLFACM.

4

e distanti in constitu

The term "threshold" denotes either a field strength level or a ratio. Signal (S) and noise (N) field strengths are given in $dB > 1 \mu v/m$. Signal-to-noise (S/N), signal-to-jam (S/J) and signal-to-jam plus noise (S/J+N) ratios are given in decibels.

VLFACM INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

The following tables give a card-by-card description of the input specifications required to properly execute VLFACM. Underlined data in the tables are punched on the cards exactly as shown. The "Explanation" portion of each table gives a very detailed explanation of the contents, purpose, interplay, and pitfalls of each data field. A careful reading should give one a good understanding of how to exercise the variety of options VLFACM offers. However, initially understanding a few concepts about setting up a VLFACM-input specification file should prove helpful:

- 1. A General card is always the first card and a Blank card is always the last card.
- 2. A General card is always followed by an Options card unless an "Ignore Options" flag is specified on the General card.
- 3. All cards may be used more than once except the Blank card.
- 4. The RLOC card initiates VLFACM execution for the B options, the Radial or Sector cards initiate execution for the A options. All options and data must be specified prior to insertion of these cards.
- 5. VLFACM "remembers" all data and options until a new Options card is encountered. Only the data which needs changing has to be respecified before inserting another Radial or Sector card (A options) or RLOC card (B options) to re-execute VLFACM. However, if a new Options card is encountered, all data, i.e., Station or TLOC, MONTH, SPROB and SNPROB or THRESH, and Radial or Sector or RLOC cards must be respecified even if they have not changed. Data from the General card need not be respecified.

The state of the s

Table 1 - General Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1.7	GENERAL	These columns must be coded as shown. The General card must be the first card.
9-14	Run II) (A6)	The "Run ID" is provided to enable easy identification of VLFACM output. The "Run ID" appears on all printouts and plots. It may be left blank. If the "Run ID" is set to INPUT in their Cols. 16-17 give the file device number. This can only be done on the first General card.
15-16	File Device (I2)	This is a file device or logical unit number of a file containing the remaining VLFACM data cards if they are not on the standard input device. Normally those columns would be left blank. However, this makes it possible to create a long file of YLFACM input cards on another device and automatically read it with VLFACM.
18	Ignore Options (11)	A 1 in this field sets up a condition whereby the option information on succeeding General cards will be ignored. This facilitates usage of the succeeding General cards to change jammer, distance increment, or roise bandwidth data without necessitating the use of additional Options cards, and hence, respecification of all the other data as well. Once the "Ignore Options" flag is set it remains in force and cannot be changed on a succeeding General card.
41-43	JAM	This is a flag for an S/J option with a fixed receiver, a fixed jammer, and a mobile transmitter. Option B1 must first be run to compute the jammer field strength at the receiver location. Then an A2 option may be run to compute thresholds, or an A4 option may be run to compute time availabilities. Also, B1, B2 or B3 options may be run, in which case the transmitter would be fixed rather than mobile. Selection of the JAM option causes 5/J values to be computed in place of S values. Therefore, S/J and S/N values are computed.
41-45	JAM+N	This flag does the same thing as the JAM flag, except S/J+N values are computed rather than S/J values.
41-46	<u>\$/\$CON</u>	This is a flag for an S/J option with a fixed transmitter, a fixed jammer, and a mobile receiver. Either an A1 option for thresholds or an A3 option for time availabilities may be selected.
41-45	S/S+N	This flag dues the same thing as the S/SCON flag, except that S/J+N values are computed rather than S/J values.
41-48	blank	A blank field indicates that no S/J computation will be made. Rather, S and S/N values will be computed.
49-56	Jammer Latitude (F8.2)	If an S/SCON or an S/S+N option has been selected, this field contains the jammer latitude in degrees. Use positive values for north latitudes, negative values for south latitudes. If this field is set to 99, then VLFACM will attempt to read Jammer Info cards containing data for multiple jammers. Multiple jammers may be used with JAM, JAM+N, S/SCON, or S/S+N options. If multiple jammers are used with the JAM or JAM+N options, the Jammer Info cards provide jammer information for the plotting routines. However, the jammer signals are still computed by running B1 options, as stated above in the JAM option flag explanation. One B1 option must be run for each jammer to compute jammer field strengths at the receiver location.
57-64	Jammer Longitude (F8.2)	If an S/SCON or an S/S+N option has been selected, this field contains the jammer longitude in degrees. Use positive value for east longitudes, negative values for west longitude. If multiple jammers are used, this field specifies the number of jammers (maximum of four) to be used. For example, if the field contains a 3., three Jammer Info cards would immediately follow the General card giving the information for each of the three jammers.
65-70	Jaminer Power (F6.0)	This field specifies the jammer power in kw if a single jammer is used.
71-72	Distance Increment (12)	The distance increment gives the spacing in degrees between receiver locations (A1 and A3 options) or transmitter locations (A2 and A4 options) along radials from the transmitter (A1 and A3 options) or the receiver (A2 or A4 options). If left blank, the distance increment will be set to 1°. For S/SCON or S/S+N options increasing the distance increment greatly reduces VLFACM execution time.
73-76	Jammer Name (A4)	This four character field contains a jammer name. It may be left blank. The name appears on all printouts and plots.
77-80	Noise Bandwidth (F4.0)	The noise bandwidth in VLFACM is nominally i kHz. However, it may be changed by coding this field. The noise bandwidth is given in hertz (Hz).

Table 2 - Jammer Information Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
		Jammer Info cards are used to specify jammer data for multiple jammer options. The Jammer Info cards must immediately follow the General card on which the multiple jammer option was specified. The number of cards should agree with the number coded in columns 57-64 of the General card.
1-8	Jammer Latitude (F#.3)	This field gives the jammer latitude in degrees. North latitudes are positive, south latitudes are negative.
9.16	Jammer Longitude (FB.3)	This field gives the jammer longitude in degrees. East longitudes are positive, west longitudes are negative.
17-24	Jammer Power (F8.3)	This field gives the jammer radiated power in kW.
25-28	Jammer Name	This four character field contains the jammer name. It may be left blank. The name appears on all printouts and plots.

Table 3 - Options Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1.7	OPTIONS	The Options card must immediately follow the General card, or if multiple jammers are being run, the Jammer Info cards.
10	Noise Option Flags (11)	Normally this column is left blank. In that case, WGL noise data is read in on file device #49. However, special noise options may be executed in the following manner.
		Col. 10 = 1: Noise values punched on two cards by the NOISLAN program may be read in. The first card contains 24 values of median noise field strengths and the second contains 24 values of standard deviation of the noise. This noise option is only appropriate when the receiver is fixed, i.e. (A2, A4, B1, B2 and B3 options).
		Col. iii = 2: The CCIR noise model will be used rather than the WGL noise model. The CCIR noise data is read in on file device #4. Also, a CCIR noise card must immediately follow the Options card specifying noise frequency (kHz) and a delta value (dB) to be added to signal and jammer field strengths.
		Col. 10 = 3: This specifies a noise only option. Instead of computing S/N, values of N will be computed.
11-16 A and B Option Flags	The A and B options are selected by putting T punches in this field as follows: A1 (fixed transmitter, specify T.A., calculate thresholds): Col. 11 A2 (fixed receiver, specify T.A., calculate thresholds): Col. 11 and 13 A3 (fixed transmitter, specify thresholds, calculate T.A.): Col. 12 A4 (fixed receiver, specify thresholds, calculate T.A.): Col. 12 B1 (point to point, calculate mean and sigma): Col. 14 B2 (point to point, specify T.A., calculate thresholds): Col. 15 B3 (point to point, specify thresholds, calculate T.A.): Col. 16 The following additional cards are required to run A and B options. A1: STATION MONTH SPROB SNPROB RADIAL	
		A2: STATION MONTH SPROB SNPROB RADIAL A3: STATION MONTH THRESH RADIAL A4: STATION MONTH THRESH RADIAL B1: TLOC MONTH RLOC B2: TLOC MONTH SPROB SNPROB RLOC B3: TLOC MONTH THRESH RLOC
19	TRW Fing	A \underline{T} in this column punches cards in a special format which was used solely for a project done for TRW. Otherwise, leave blank.
21	Bt Output Flag	A \underline{T} in this column creates an output file for B1 options on device #10 which contains the data required to run the B3PLOT program.
22	B2 Output Flag	A \underline{T} in this column creates an output file for B2 options on device #10, which contains the data required to run the B3PLOT program.
24	B3 Getput Flag	A $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ in this column creates an output file for B3 options on device #10, which contains the date required to run the B3 PLOT program.

Table 3 - Options Card (Continued)

25-26	Specific Hour/Worst Hour (12)	This field is used to select either "specific hour" or "worst hour" options. Such a selection is only appropriate if one has selected one of the A options. If this field is left blank, an all hours option is assumed.
		Cols. 25-26 = ± 1 : "Worst hour" calculations will be made for S, S/J, or S/J+N in addition to the "all hour" calculations. No computations of S/N are performed. The SNPROB card specifies time availabilities for the "worst hour" (A1 and A2 options) or the S/N (hresholds on the THRESH card specify "worst hour" thresholds (A3 and A4 options).
		Cols. 25-26 = _1: "Worst hour" calculations will be made for S/N along with "all hour" calculations for S/N. No calculations of S, S/J or S/J+N will be performed. The SPROB card specifies time availabilities for the "worst hour" (A1 and A2 options) or the S thresholds on the THRESH card specify "worst hour" thresholds for S/N (A3 and A4 options).
		Col. 25-26 = ± 2 : "Specific hour" calculations will be made along with "all hour" calculations for S, S/J or S/J+N. No calculations of S/N will be made. The SNPROB card specifies time availabilities for each "specific hour" (A1 and A2 options) or the S/N thresholds on the THRESH card specify "specific hour" thresholds (A3 and A4 options).
		Cols. 25-26 $=$ $=$ 2: "Specific hour" calculations will be made along with "all hour" calculations for S/N. No calculations of S, S/J, or S/J + N will be performed. The SPROB card specifies time availabilities for the "specific hour" (A1 and A2 options) or the S thresholds on the THRESH card specify "specific hour" thresholds for S/N (A3 and A4 options).
		If a "specific hour" option has been selected $(\pm 2 \text{ or } \pm 2 \text{ in Cols. 25-26})$, specific hour data must be given on the SPECIFIC HOUR card immediately following the Options card. In the even, that CCIR noise in being used (2 in Col. 10), the SPECIFIC HOUR card follows immediately after the CCIR NOISE card.
27-28	Path Increment (12) for B1 Outputs	This field specifies a great circle path increment in degrees along which B1 outputs will be generated by running an A1 option. If the B1 output flag (T in Col. 21) is set, the B1 data will be written on device #10 and the no A option output flag (T in Col. 31) must be set. Also, the range increment (Cols. 71-72 on the General card) must be left blank. Otherwise, flags and data are specified just as for an A1 option.
29-30	Printout Skip Increment (12)	Specifying a number in this field will reduce the volume of printout for A options. For example, if Col. 30 = 4 only every fourth bearing which is calculated will actually be printed. The output file on device #10 is unaffected.
31	No A Option Output Flag	A \underline{T} in Col. 31 will flag VLFACM to not write A option output on device #10. The A option printed data is unaffected.

Table 4 - CCIR Noise Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
		This card is needed only if the CCIR noise is being used (2 in Col. 10 of Options card).
1-10	Noise Frequency (F10.2)	This field specifies the frequency in kHz at which CCIR noise will be computed. It does not affect the frequency at which signal or jam fields are computed.
11-20	Delta (F10.2)	This field specifies a delta in dB to add to both signal and jam field strengths to account for a shift in frequency from 30 kHz (VLFACM maximum frequency) to a higher frequency. Merely adding a constant to all signals is extremely crude and is meant to serve as an interim measure until an LF program is produced which has the same capabilities as VLFACM.

Table 5 - Specific Hour Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
		This card is needed only if a "specific hour" option has been specified (+2 or -2 in Cols. 25-26 of Options card).
1-2	Number of Hours (12)	This field gives the number of different "specific hours" to be calculated (# \leq 6).
3-20	Specific Hours (613)	This field specifies the hours in GMT.



Table 6 - Station Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1.7	STATION	The Station card is required for all the A options.
9-12	Station Name (A4)	This four character field contains the station name. It may be left blank. For A1 and A3 options it names the transmitter, and for A2 and A4 options it names the receiver. The name appears on all printouts and plots.
14-20	Station Latitude (F7.3)	This field gives the station latitude in degrees. North latitudes are positive and south latitudes are negative. For A1 and A3 options this is the transmitter latitude and for A2 and A4 options this is the receiver latitude.
22-29	Station Longitude (F8.3)	This field gives the station longitude in degrees. East longitudes are positive and west longitudes are negative. For A ³ and A3 options this is the transmitter longitude and for A2 and A4 options this is the receiver longitude.
31-35	Frequency (F5.1)	The frequency is given in kHz. This is the frequency at which all signals and noise are computed unless otherwise specified, i.e., the CCIR NOISE card. Care should be taken, however, when running a JAM or JAM+N options to make sure that the jammer frequency on the TLOC card and the transmitter frequency on the Station card agree.
36-45	Power (F10.1)	This field gives the radiated power of the transmitter in kw.

Table 7 - TLOC Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-4	Iroc	The TLOC card is required for all the B options.
9-12	Transmitter Name (A4)	This four character field contains the transmitter name. It may be left blank.
14-20	Transmitter Latitude (F7.3)	This field gives the transmitter latitude in degrees. North latitudes are positive and south latitudes are negative.
22-29	Transmitter Longitude (F8.3)	This field gives the transmitter longitude in degrees. East longitudes are positive and west longitudes are negative.
31-35	Frequency (F5.1)	The frequency is given in kttz.
36-45	Power (F10 1)	This field gives the radiated power of the transmitter in kw.

Table 8 - Month Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-5	MONTH	The Month card is required for all A and B options.
9-11	Month Abbrev. (A3)	This field contains the first three letters of the month, i.e., JAN, FEB, MAR, etc.

Table 9 - SPROB Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-5	SPROB	The SPROB card is required for A1 A2, and B2 options.
9	Number of T.A.'s (II)	Up to three time availabilities may be specified (Col. 9 = 1, 2, or 3). VLFACM can compute three time availabilities almost as rapidly as it can compute one. Therefore, the practice has been to always specify the maximum number of time availabilities.
10-14	lst T A. (F5.3)	This field gives the first time availability for S, S/J, or S/J+N "all hour" predictions or S/N "worst hour" or "specific hour" predictions. It is a number between 0 and 1.
15-19	2nd T.A. (F5.3)	This is second time availability (0 ≤ T.A. ≤ 1).
20-24	3rd T.A (F5.3)	This is the third time availability (0 ≤ T.A. ≤ 1).

Table 10 - SNPROB Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-5	SNPROB	The SNPROB card is required for A1, A2, and B2 options.
9	Number of T.A.'s (A3)	Up to three time availabilities may be specified (Coi. $9 = 1, 2, \text{ or } 3$). Practice has been to specify the maximum of three time availabilities.
10-14	1st T. 4. (F5.3)	This field gives the first time availability for S/N "all hour" predictions or S, S/J, or S/J+N "worst hour" or "specific hour" predictions. It is a number between 0 and 1.
15-19	2nd T.A. (F5.3)	This is the second time availability (0 \leq T.A. \leq 1).
20-24	3rd T.A. (F5.3)	This is the third time availability ($0 \le T.A. \le 1$).

Table 11 - THRESH Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-6	THRESH	The THRESH card is required for A3, A4, and B3 options.
9	Number of Thresholds (ii)	Up to three thresholds may be specified (Col. $9 = 1, 2, \text{ or } 3$).
10-15	lst Threshold (F6.3)	This field gives the first threshold for S, S/J, or S/J+N "all hour" predictions or S/N "worst hour" or "specific hour" predictions. Signal is given in dB > 1 μ v/m and all ratios are given in dB.
16-21	2nd Threshold (F6.3)	Same as Cols. 10-15.
22-27	3rd Threshold (F6.3)	Same as Cols. 10-15.
29	Number of Thresholds (II)	Up to ree thresholds may be specified (Col. $29 = 1, 2, \text{ or } 3$).
30-35	lst Threshold (F6.3)	This field gives the first threshold for S/N "all hour" predictions or S, S/J, or S/J+N "worst hour" or "specific hour" predictions. Signal is given in dB > $1 \mu v/m$ and all ratios are given in dB.
36-41	2nd Threshold (F6.3)	Same as Cols. 30-35.
42-47	3rd Threshold (F6.3)	Same as Cols. 30-35.

Table 12 - RLOC Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-4	RLOC	The RLOC card is required for the B options. It is the card which initiates execution of the VLFACM program and should only be inserted after all other B option data has been specified.
9-12	Receiver Name (A4)	This four character field contains the receiver name. It may be left blank. The receiver name appears on all printouts and plots.
14-20	Receiver Latitude (F7.3)	The receiver latitude is given in degrees. North latitudes are positive and south latitudes are negative.
22-29	Receiver Longitude (F8.3)	The receiver longitude is given in degrees. East longitudes are positive and west longitudes are negative.

Table 13 - Radial Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-6	RADIAL	The Radial card is required for the A options. It is the card which initiates execution of the VLFACM program and should only be inserted after all the other A option data has been specified.
9-11	First Bearing (13)	This is the initial geographic bearing in degrees east-of-north (0°-360°) of a radial starting at the location on the Station card. For A1 and A3 options, receivers will be placed along the radials. For A2 and A4 options, transmitters will be placed along the radials.
13-15	Last Bearing (13)	This is the final bearing. It is also given in degrees east-of-north. However, it must always be larger in magnitude than the first bearing. For example, if one wished to compute the northly radials from a first bearing of 270° around through the 0° bearing to a last bearing of 90°, one would specify the last bearing as 450, i.e., (90° + 360°).
17-19	First Distance (13)	This is the initial starting distance in degrees. The distance increment is given in Cols. 71-72 of the General card.
21-23	Last Distance (13)	This is the final distance in degrees. VLFACM will compute thresholds or time availabilities along each radial at the end point of each successive distance increment until the last distance is exceeded. There is a limit to the number of points along a radial at which computations can be made (# pts. = (first distlast dist.)/dist. inc.+1). The normal limit is 133 points. However, if multiple jammers are used, the limit is 30 points.
25-27	Bearing Increment (13)	The bearing increment gives the spacing in degrees between each successive radial. Since bearings are specified in degrees east-of-north, incrementing the bearing computes successive radials in a clockwise direction until the last bearing is exceeded.

Table 14 - Sector Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-6	SECTOR	The Sector caid provides an alternative to the Radial card. It behaves the same way as the Radial card in that it initiates execution of the VLFACM program for A options. The Sector card defines an area to be entirely covered by radials. It computes the parameters specified on the Radial card and is particularly useful when the area does not contain and is far away from the Station location.
11-20	North Boundary (F10.2)	This field contains the latitude in degrees of the northern boundary of the area.
21-30	East Boundary (F10.2)	This field contains the longitude in degrees of the eastern boundary of the area.
31-40	South Boundary (F10.2)	This field contains the latitude in degrees of the southern boundary of the area.
41-50	West Boundary (F10.2)	This field contains the longitude in degrees of the western boundary of the area.

Table 15 - Blank Card

Columns	Data Description	Explanation
1-80	Blank	The Blank card terminates all VLFACM input. If it is left out, VLFACM will terminate
1		abnormally. It should always be the last card.

VLFACM SAMPLE JOBS

The VLFACM sample jobs presented in this section illustrate the card deck structure for running a few of the most commonly used VLFACM options. The JSL (Job Specification Language) statements are peculiar to the Tl/ASC. However, their counterparts would be required to run a job on another machine. The VLFACM input shown here is, of course, valid for any machine assuming the program has been properly converted. A sample job illustrating some of the A options is presented first, followed by notes, and then notes for a sample job illustrating B options are given, followed by the sample job. Printed outputs from these jobs are in Appendix A.

```
JOB HAUSERBYLFACM, 41099101, HAUSJ1, CAT=22, LOC=RTE8
      LIMIT BAND=100,4TN=3C
      JSLOPTS OPT=(L)
      ASG SYS.LMOD, USERCAT/054/860/HAUSJ1/VLFACM/LMOD, USE=SHR
②
      ASG FT49FG01, USERCAT/054/86G/HAUSJ1/VLFNCI, USE = SHR
    / FD FT10F001, EAND = 2/20/2, FORG = DS
      FO FT10F002, BAND=2/20/2, FORG=DS
    / FD FT10F033,8AND=2/20/2,FORG=DS
    / FD FT10F004, BAND=2/20/2, FCRG=DS
      FD VLFPRT, PAND=2/10/2, RCFM=FBA, LREC=133, 9KSZ=399C
    / FXQT CPTIME=160000, OPT=(A,C,K,I), ADDMEM=3JK, '.: ST=VLFPRT
    GENERAL SEROO1
    OPTIONS
    STATION NAA
                           -67.3
                                     17.8 10.0.
    MONTH
             JUL
    SPROB
             3 .500 .900 .990
    SNPROB
             3 .500 .900
                          .990
    RADIAL
             000 350 010 100 010
    GENERAL
             SERUDO
                                                SISCON
                                                                          1000. 10ARC
    OPTIONS
    STATION NAA
                                     17.8 1000.
                  44.7
                           -67.3
    HINCH
             JUL
             3 .500 .900 .990
3 .500 .900 .990
    SPROB
    SNPROB
             000 350 010 100 016
    RADTAL
             SERUD3
    GENERAL
    OPTIONS
    TLSC
             MIN
                                     26.1 500.
    MONTH
             JUL
             SSBN 60.
    RLCC
                           -1L .
    OPTIONS
    STATION
             SS8N 60.
                           -10.
                                     26.1 100.
    MONTH
             JUL
             3 .500 .900 .990
3 .500 .900 .990
    SPROB
    SHPROB
             110 270 001 090 010
    RADIAL
    GENERAL
             SER . C4
    OPTIONS
    STATION NAA
                           -57.3
                                     17.8 1000.
    MONTH
             JUL
                    48.
    THRESH
             3 60.
                           30.
                                   3 12.
    RADIAL
             330 480 010 120 010
      CAT USERCAT/U54/B60/HAUSJ1/VLFACM/RUNS/SEROL1.ACNM=FT10F001
    / CAT USERCAT/D54/860/HAUSJ1/VLFACM/RUNS/SERO. 2,4CNM=FT10F0C2
      CAT USERCAT/054/85C/HAUSJ1/VLFAC4/RUNS/SERCL3,ACNM=FT10F033
    / CAT USERCAT/D54/860/HAUSJ1/VLFACM/RUNS/SER 004, ACNM=FT10F004
    / CAT USERCAT/D54/860/HAUSJI/VLFACM/RUNS/VLFPHT, ACNM=VLFPRT
3 ( FOSYS VLEPRT
    / EOJ
```

Fig. 2 - Sample A Option Job

Sample A Option Job (see Fig. 2)

Notes

- (1) Assign the VLFACM load module file.
- (2) Assign the WGL noise data file.
- (3) Define the FORTRAN unit #10 files. Four files are written on unit #10, one file for each of the four Radial cards.
- (4) Define a file for the VLFACM printed output.
- (5) Execute the VLFACM program. All the cards that follow, until the next JSL card ("/" in Col. 1) is encountered, are defaulted to the standard FORTRAN input unit and are read by the Read statements in VLFACM.
- (6) The <u>T</u> in Col. 11 selects an A1 option (fixed transmitter, mobile receiver). The <u>9</u> in Col. 30 limits the printed output to the data from every 9th bearing which is computed.
- (7) Since this is an A1 option, the Station card specifies the transmitter location as 44.7° North, 67.3° West. The frequency is 17.8 kHz and the radiated power is 1000 kw.
- (8) The SPROB card specifies three time availabilities—50%, 90%, and 99%. These are signal time availabilities for "all hours" since no jam, specific hour or worst hour options have been selected.
- (9) The SNPROB card gives the signal-to-noise ratio time availabilities.
- (10) The Radial card initiates execution of VLFACM. The signal and signal-to-noise ratio thresholds are computed and written to file FT10F001.
- (11) The new General card specifies an S/SCON option and gives the jammer location as 64° North, 41° East, with a radiated power of 1000 kW. The 10 in Cols. 71-72 specifies the distance increment to be 10° This decreases the VLFACM computation time for this option by a factor of 10.
- (12) An Al option is again specified. This Options card is required to follow the General card. It interacts with the S/SCON option on the General card to generate a VLFACM run with a fixed transmitter, a fixed jammer, and a mobile receiver.
- (13) This SPROB card gives the time availabilities for signal-to-jam ratios since this is an S/SCON option run.
- (14) This Radial card initiates execution of VLFACM. Signal-to-jam and signal-to-noise ratio thresholds are now written to file FT10F002.
- (15) This General card selects a JAM option, i.e., a fixed receiver, a fixed jammer, and a mobile transmitter.
- (16) The <u>T</u> in Col. 14 selects a B1 option which must be run to compute the jam signal at the receiver location.
- (17) The TLOC card specifies the jammer location, frequency, and power.

- (18) The RLOC card gives the receiver location and executes the B1 option.
- (19) The T's in Cols. 11 and 13 specify an A2 option which must immediately follow the B1 option for a JAM run.
- (20) The Station card gives the receiver location, since this is an A2 option, and the transmitter frequency and power. Note that the transmitter frequency specified here agrees with the jammer frequency specified on the TLOC card.
- (21) Note that the month specified for the A2 option agrees with the month specified for the B1 option.
- (22) The SPROB card gives signal-to-jam ratio time availabilities.
- (23) This Radial card executes the A2 option. Since this is part of a JAM run, signal-to-jam and signal-to-noise ratio thresholds are computed at the fixed receiver location as the location of the transmitter is moved along radials from the receiver. The computed data are written to file FT10F003.
- (24) No jam-type options are called for. All previous options are reset.
- (25) The <u>T</u> in Col. 12 selects an A3 option, which computes time availabilities for specified signal and signal-to-noise ratio thresholds.
- (26) The Station card gives the transmitter location, frequency, and radiated power.
- (27) The THRESH card specifies signal thresholds of 60, 48, and 30 dB > $1 \mu v/m$, and signal-to-noise ratio thresholds of 12, -6, and -24 dB.
- (28) The Radial card executes the A3 option and writes time availability data to file FT10F004.
- (29) A blank card terminates VLFACM input.
- (30) The four files written on FORTRAN unit #10 are saved for later processing by plotting programs.
- (31) The printed output is both saved and printed out.

Sample B Option Job (see Fig. 3)

Notes

- (1) Define a file for FORTRAN unit #10. The B option unformatted data is written to this file.

 Later it may be plotted using the B3PLOT program.
- (2) The T's in Cols. 14 and 21 specify a B1 option with unformatted output written on FORTRAN unit #10.
- (3) The RLOC card executes the B1 option and writes one record of data to file FT10F001.
- (.) The T's in Cols. 15 and 22 specify a B2 option with unformatted output written on FORTRAN unit #10. Note that a new General card is unnecessary since no jam options are being respecified.

- (5) The RLOC card executes the B2 option and writes a second record to file FT10F001.
- (6) The T's in Cols. 16 and 24 specify a B3 option with unformatted output written on FORTRAN unit #10.
- (7) The RLOC card executes the B3 option and writes a third record to file FT10F001.
- (8) A blank card terminates VLFACM input.
- (9) The three records of data written to file FT10F001 are saved for later plotting by the B3PLOT program.

```
/ JOB HAMSER&VLFACM,41099101,HAUS,1,CAT=5,LOC=PTE&
   / LIMIT BAND=50.MIN=10
     JSLMPTS OPT=(L)
   / ASG FT49F601; USERCAT/D54/86. /HAUSJ1/VLFN01; USE=SHR
   / ASG SYS.LMCD.USERCAT/U54/960/HAUSJ1/VLFAC4/LMOD.USE=9HR
    / FD VLFPRT,bAND=2/10/2,RCFM=F8A,LREC=133,BKSZ=399G
(i) / FD FT10FC(1, EAND=2/10/2
    / FXQT dPT=(A,C,K,I),ADDMEM=30K,LIST=VLFPRT
   GENERAL SEROOS
   OPTIONS
   TLOC
            NSS 39.0
                          -76.5
                                   23.4 50 ...
   MUNTH
            JUL
            GBAY 53.4
   RLCC
                          -60.5
   OPTIONS
            455
                39.1
                          -75.5
   TLOC
                                   23.4 500.
   MONTH
            JUL
   SPROB
            3 .500 .900 .990
   SNPROB
            3 .500 .920 .995
   RLOC
            GRAY 53.4
   OPTIONS
   TLOC
            NSS
                 39.0
                          -76.5
                                   23.4 500.
   MONTH
            JUL
   THRESH
            3 60. 66.
                          72.
                                 3 18.
                                        24.
                                               30.
            GBAY 53.4
   RLCC
                          -60.5
   / CATY USERCAT/054/86U/HAUSJ1/YLFACH/RUNS/SERU05,ACNM=FT10F001
   / CATY USERCAT/D54/B60/HAUSJ1/YLFACM/RUNS/SER005/YLFPRT.ACNM=YLFPRT
   / FOSYS VLAPFT
   / EUJ
```

Fig. 3 - Sample B Option Job

PLOTTING PROGRAMS

Four computer programs have been written to produce plots of VLFACM data (see Fig. 1). SEG-CON draws a rectangular contour map of A option data computed by VLFACM. The map scale, size, and boundaries may be varied, and land masses are automatically drawn. POLCON draws a polar contour map of A option data computed by VLFACM. The map pole and orientation may be varied. Also, the map scale and size may be changed. Land masses are drawn automatically. B3PLOT generates diurnal plots from any of the B option unformatted output data. Scale and size may be varied. RADPLT draws plots using the A option data along a single radial, the A option data being the ordinate and distance along the radial being the abscissa. Sample maps and plots are in Appendix B.

REFERENCES

- 1. RCA Conf Pangloss Working Paper 18, "A New Semi-Empirical Model for VLF Field Strength Predictions (U)," 5 Aug 64.
- 2. F.J. Rhoads, "RCA Computer Program for Predicting VLF Communication Coverage," NRL Memorandum (5410-581A:FJR:dmc), 7 Dec 67.
- 3. CCIR Report 322, "World Distribution and Characteristics of Atmospheric Radio Noise," 1964.
- 4. E.L. Maxwell, "Development of a VLF Atmospheric Noise Prediction Model," DDC. No. AD902023, 30 Jun 70.
- 5. James P. Hauser and Franklin J. Rhoads, "Coverage Predictions for the Navy's Fixed VLF Transmitters," NRL Memorandum Report 2884, DDC No. ADA001701, Sep 74.
- 6. J.R. Wait and K.P. Spies, "Characteristics of the Earth-Ionosphere Waveguide for VLF Radio Waves," NBS Tech. Note 300, 30 Dec 64.
- 7. H. Livingston, "Standard Deviation Estimates of VLF Signal Field Strength," RCA Memorandum, Jun 64.
- 8. Lawrence F. Fenton, "The Sum of Log-Normal Probability Distributions in Scatter Transmission Systems," IRE Transactions on Communications Systems, March 1960.
- 9. C.V. Greenman and H.G. Schwarz, "VLF Predictions," RCA Internal Correspondence, 27 May 65.

Significant Control

Appendix A VLFACM PRINTED OUTPUTS

eptions jutout	# ± 1	o,	SEE DOES WELLES SERVED STA	Ph STUDIES	13522213	ž.	PCDP 74/9LF	TuBe:S(mJVaTh./+L
		3 3 7 7	ase widesox of	Auma (13x12	2 TELL			
	TRANSMITTER MAA POMER = 1000.CFW FREUGHCV+17.8 FHZ	ť	naks-11720 Lycallox 44,74		07+2₩) = (m18#38 = mf 351fm	n 39L 1 F4Z • 05G	
RFCE IVER	LGCATIONS	JTSTERUE		3(34)			\$7 4 (0F)	
LATCDES)	Len(Dec)	(926)	J660=4	6= 5. 40°	766 *೧≡₫	€ 3 + v = 0	€ je •f≈d	Ú66° ≓d
	67.34	3.04	29.0	75.1	73.4	4.06	24.7	70.1
55.7%	67.30	11.9	70.3	75.1	72. H	43.0	24.5	2
56.7h	RE*19	12.0	74.3	73.4	71.1	2 .62	23.5	7.0
7 - C	M 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	13.5 0.41		9 7 7	64.5	7-2/	22.1	V (2)
37.00	67.3E		71.7	77.0		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.2.7	
A	67.34	15.0	72.9	66.69	47.4	26.4	22."	18.5
61.7N	67.34	17.0	72.6	69.6	67.4	28.3	22.7	19.4
62.7N	67.30	18.0	7.5	61.5	65.1	7.92	26.4	16-1
63.7N	67.31	J*6:	60.3	4-44	63.0	25.1	19.3	15.1
64.TM	67.38	20.0	67.5	64.4	61.9	23.5	17.6	13,5
65.7W	67.38	21°C	9,99	6 3° 6	90 i	5.5	- 4T	5.71
65.7#	PK-19	75°C	2.59	62.0	2.65	21.6	15.4	Ø 6
87.78	37.07.67	. 46.3 6.45	4° 64	. 4	7		1 p- () (c)
# L - 5 Y	30°00	25.6	9	57.6	20.00	17.5	11.5	, ,
7C- 7k	67.3W	2 6 •0	69.1	57.2	34.6	17.4	11.5	7.5
71.7W	67.30	6-17	69.1	54.8	54.2	17.4	11.7	1.1
72.74	67.34	3.6 2	5.9.3	55.6	53.8	17.3	11.3	ري (وي (
73.74	67.38	0.67	90 G	56.0	53.3	17.3	12.1	Z*6
74.78	67.58	20.0	74.3	50.00 50.00	5.7 . 6	16.4	7.11	• •
75.78	67.34	32.6	5.95	53.5	50.9	15.1	10.4	6.7
77.7W	67.3W	33.0	6.45	51.9	49.2	13.4	3.2	5.5
78.74	67.3W	36.0	53.2	55.2	47.5	12.5	6.0	₩.,
	44.34	30.0	D	F 6 4	7 - 4 - 4 - 7	£-11		; ;
77.18	54.3E	37.0	2 v S	47.1	•	6	•	7 0 7
82.7W	67.3M	. B.	7.53	45.6	42.7	7-1	5.5	-1-1
83.7N	67.3W	39.0	44.0	45.0	42.4	6.3	# ·	-1.9
84.78	67.3W) • G+	9.4	- · · ·	6.24	5. ¢	7.6	1-7-
#5.7M	67.34	9-14	64°3	E	4 P 4	6.	7.6	6477
R1.98	67.38	0.24	6 °4 9	0 4 5	f • I • 7		2 -	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	010 010 4 1 1 1 1	9.00	9 9 9	200	7 6 7	•	-2-6	-6-1
100	A7.3K) C	6,44	63.0	(E)	1.9	-3.2	-7.0
20 ° 6 G	112.75	2095	45.6	45.6	49.0	1.5	-3.4	-7-2
46.3M	112.7E	47.0	45.3	65.3	39.5	1.3	-3.6	7-7-
87.34	112.7E	Q • 89	6.44	42.3	M	0.1	-3.6	7.7
F6.3M	112.76	0.64	9.44	•1.• •1.•	D . A	70 v	0 6	40.4
60° 54	1160.5	33.6	6.00	5-14	20.0	6 Y		7.0
20 . .	7,071		•	> 4 F	1	•) }	:

THATTOMS GUTPUT	14 fd b.		INTERCHOO STA	Pompagatiem Studies	*******	Ĭ	NCPP 74(VLF	74(VLFACM)SF0001
		36	NG- UBUBBBAT 15A-1	Remed 13XIA	TRACILITIES			
	PPANSMITTER NAMPOWER = 10.0.0FM		TABNEWILL G COCATE	10CATISM 44.7N 6	67.36	ACTISE FINE SERVICE OF BEARING = 0	1 842 1 842 • 986	
RECETVER	LOCATIONS	SISTINGS		(40)			S/MCJH)	
CATCOFG)	LGN(DFG)	OFC	2= 3-533	096*⊌≈4	bec. 3=d	905-€=4	0u6*0=d	366°6=6
20 cc	132,75		4,1	1.00	er e	en U	-4-3	u.
R2 + 54	27.271	€, 1. * 1. *		47.3	37.7	f. 1	-4-7	GD GT
#1.3N	112.75			0 • 0 • 0	37.4	-4.0	7.6-	
70°C4	112070	, ,	4.74	39.5	56.1	۰, ۵ ۱ - ۱	4 P	5 · · · ·
10 0 0 P	112.75			1.65		9 1	-7.1	-11.0
77.34	112.75	53.0	, •	3.3.8	35.2	12.3	-7.9	-12.2
76. 18	112.70	5.65	41.4	3.8 €	35.9	-3°C	-8.7	-13.1
75.3N	112.72	•0•	5. Je 1.	36.8	3.6. 2	1-5-	-10.9	-15.2
7 4. 3N	112.76		τι : • π) :	32.9	13.2	e, c	6-01-	-15.5
73.38	112.75	52.	T • N		32. 3	1.9	7.21-	B . C
72.3%	112.75	7	14 e 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	33.5	20° 0	20 · 3 20 · 6 21 · 1	h	7 6 7 1
72.48	14217	. c	. * . C		27.3		0 0 T -	-23,3
1 0 · 0 · 1	112.76	56.0	31.2	2 R. 2	25.7	-15.3	-21.4	-26.0
6 B + 34	11.2.7t	67.0	34.7	2.15	2 * • 2	-17.4	-23.A	-28.5
57.3R	alia b c	به ه ۹	£ 4 8 3	25.3	6 ° 6 7		-25.4	* 000 f
84.48 44.48	112-12	0.60	0 3 • 1 • 10 • 10 • 11 • 11 • 12 • 13 • 14 • 15 • 16 • 17 • 17 • 18 • 18 • 18 • 18 • 18 • 18 • 18 • 18	76.9	2.2.4	C • 0 2 +	C-02-	-36-4
6.4.38	112.75	7 T &	. see	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	6.17	1.3.7	7.06.1	-36.4
53.34	112.73	72.5	4.57	5.3.5	25.3	-25+3	-32.7	-38.5
52.34	112.7	7.00	1,50	22.7	23.1	-76.9	-34.	4.00
01 + 5 K	112-75	9.6		71.7	11 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	C "06"	1.99.	499
ME -65	112.7E	76.)	23.5	21.5	7 . 7	-31.	- 39.6	B • 5 9-
7 C . E .	112.75	7.4.	6.5.3	13.3	17.2	-32.	9 ° U 9 -	-46.8
F.7.3N	1,2,7E	ر د د د د	, A ,	19.5	16.3	1,2°F	-41.	80 P
W. 6. 3. N	112.75	 	- C		9*41	7.5.	- 4 Z + 3	N 0 1 4 1
N	1.2.75		F	14.0	16.2	5 5 5 6	10.44	9,05-
F 3 5 5 W	112.7	62.3	4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	15.2	1305	5.98-	4.6.1	-51.0
F 2. 3%	112.7:	3.3.	1.01	15.0	1204	-11.4	. •94-	-52.5
51.34	112.75	2.4.5	1	14.7	12.1	-36-3	-+6.7	-53.5
C 3 . 34	112.70	C .	17.2	14.0	11.	7.06-	-47.9	-54.5
Nr67	11.2.75	1.4.	6.45	13.5	13.7	2.6.	, eg .	0.44
2000	1	n &	5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 ° 5 °	12.5	10.0 0.0	7 ° 6 ° 1	1 4 2 4 1	5
NE 95	1.2075	1 (• • • (5)	h	32.6		5009-	N . B .	
65.50	1.2.7	30.06	\$ 6 d	12.0	3.1	H •) • -	0.64	-55-5
44.34	12.00	31.0	15.0	11.5	r * T	ŝ	ű• 6 4−	-35-3
200 · 100 ·	Little Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Pe	42.	9-9-1	7 • ¶ ¶	⊅ . €	-61.2		40.50
•	11201	• • • •	c • • • T	1117	7.	:	7	

T INDING	1 10	20	SACOLE DE SECULTAR SECULE	** STUDIED	33612313	•	TUDBS (+CAFERC+)SEBCUT	#C+386#C#2
		34)	STILATING CAKE SEE GICTEDK! 1985 FO	¶hwdd C∃xia	31L*T12.S			
	TPANSWITTER MAB POWES = IQUCOCKET FREQUENCY=IT+6 K47		TOBNSPITTED LICATION, 46.TM 67.5m	**. + 6.7K 6	8 *	MOISE 94 = 1 442 LEATING = 0. 066	4 JUL 1 C+2 1 0E5	
PFCFIVED	RFCFIVED LOCATIONS	PISTANCE		seas			CC03W/S	
(1) (3,566)	La.Coes) LENCOES)	(F)	JBC +7 = d	ŭ36 °0 = a	666 *5=6	P=7.503	006 * 0= d	066°£=4
£ • 1 •	112,72	34.3	6 *: 1	10.5	7.6	-41.9	7.04-	-55.1
4.3.3N	112.7è	35.0	13.5	13.1	7.2	-42-1	£ *64-	-55.8
39.3N	112.75	44.0	13.2	9.7	6.4	-62.4	-89.0	6 *44-
38.34	112.7E	97.i	8 *2 T	9.3	4.4	-42.7	-50.2	-56.3
37.3M	112.72	38.86	4.51	£•8	5.3	-43.0	-50.4	-56.1
36.3N	112.75	6.466	12.1	a.	5. A	-43.3	-50.4	-56.2
36.28	112 11	1.0.1	Z 1:	•	٤ ،	¥ 1.4-	n 231	1 79-

CPTIONS CUTPUT	T JT A1	o	WLF PROPAGATION STUDIFS	8N STUDIFS	1:11111	Z	ALD TECULE	74CULFAC4)SERGF1
		96	LFVEL EXCEEDEN FEB	FIXED PREAD	PREPASILITIES			
	TRANSMITTER WAA POWER = 1030.CKW FREQUENCY=17.8 KM2		TAANSMITTER LICATION 64.7N		67.3k	1440m 148 3210M	4 JUE 1 KHZ - 0FG	
RECEIVER	LGCATIONS	DISTANCE		S(BB)			5/IK 05)	
LATCDEG)	LONCOES)	(550)	P=5+03	096°0=d	D= 0.990	9=9+509	046-0=4	066°0=d
70.00	23 60	٥	81.2	78.3	15.8	9.01	9-5-	7:04
43.78	100 CE	1001		77.7	75.3	30.5	25.4	21.1
43.58	#2*05	12.0	86.1	17.2	74.8	30.3	25.1	20.9
43.3N	46°34	.3.6	19.1	76.8	74.4	36-1	25.0	77
43-0K	48.91	0.41	10.0	75.4	14.1	6.62	24.8	20.6
45.84	#9*9 4	15.0	0.00	76.1	73.7	7.67	7.5.5	26.5
#C-74	40.00	0.5	0 0 0 0	7.7.	7 2 2	7-06	5.4.	20.0
# C - C #	#E * 67		7 · 4 ·	75.5	72.7	29.3	24.0	19.4
41.78	41.5W	19.0	7.7	74.5	71.7	29.62	23.7	19.1
41.4	42 - 24	2007	77.1	76.1	71.2	7.8.5	23.4	18.6
41.CM	38.9W	21.0	7.5.7	73.6	70.5	3.8°¢	23.1	16.6
40.78	37.78	22.0	75.2	73.1	73.3	28.5	23.5	16.5
45.48	36.5V	23.0	15.8	72.7	6669	27.5	75.3	17.8
40.0M	35.2M	24.0	15.3	72.3	9.69	£.17.	7-27	17.7
39.6K	34.08	25.0	0 4	7.	0.40	7.74	71.9	5 . L
33.66	35.00	100	6.57	6 6 6	• C	94.4	21.4	17.5
	30.54	28-0	73.6	70.5	67.5	26.6	21.	17.4
38.5N	29.4W	29.62	13.2	70-1	67.2	50.4	21.5	7-21
37.58	28.24	30.0	17.8	69.1	66.8	26.1	21.2	17.6
37-14	27.18	51.0	4.27	m 6 6 9	65.4	2.3.8 3.3.5	617	6.01 14.5
30.08	MC*07	0 . E .	71.6	Y	65.5	25.2	20.4	16.3
35.78	73.64	34.0	0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	69.1	65.1	54.9	2002	16.0
35.24	22.74	35.0	B-11	67.6	64.7	24.6	19.9	15.7
34.78	21-7W	36.€	71.5	67.2	1.40	24.3	19.5	15.3
34.28	20.6W	37.0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	99	65.7	0-42	19.2	1001
33.74	30°04	E .	7 0 v	* • • •	03.0	7.00	y	7
33.48	77 F.	2.64	* ° ° 00 4	65.1	52.6	20C:	18.0	13.
32.18	16.6V	41.0	F = E - S	65.4	62.3	22,3	17.6	13.5
31.54	15-64	42.6	4.84	655.3	51.3	21.9	17.2	13-1
31.0M	14.64	43.0	59.0	64.9	51.5	71.4	16.7	12.7
30.44	13.7W	64.0	67.7	64.3	61-1	23.0	16.2	12.2
29.6N	12.74	45.0	6.4°4	63.9	40.7	5.0.5	15.7	11.7
23.2M	11.94	6.6.6	67.1	63.6	60.3	19.8	74.0	6°01
28.78	76·01	0 - 1	66.4	63.1	59.7		n • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
28.18	76°6	2 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °	66.	62.7	24.3	F * 0 * 1	1301	· •
N 5 - 7 2	38 ; 60 °	C • 6		6.20		() 1	11.3	
25.9X	7	٥ ، ه ،	0 0 4		4 6 6		4.51	
•	#U	74.0	•	C • T •	> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A		

e de la companya de l

SPT TOUS THATHE	T IT A1	*	WLF poroscation	SEIDDIS ME	3332373	•	7786 74(WLF	74(WLFAC#) SERGG1
		3	TLAGE EXCEEDED FOR	FINED FROSES	STLITES			
	TRANSMITTED NAM POWER = 1000.CMW FREQUENCY=II.6 KHZ		Ison patties the	LTCATION ++.7N 6	67.34	ACTISE OR = 30°C	и зиг 1 кнг • ЭЕG	
RECEIVER	recations.	DISTANCE		\$(98)			\$/4(08)	
(\$30)	Cancego	(05.63)	70c • ~= d	996•Û=d	066•€=d	005-6=4	ค≈ษ •9คิภ	966 • 88 a
25.7N	≯ €.•9	52.0	6.49	61.1	57.6	15.5	9.5	4.
25.08	5.54	53.6	4.49	46.7	57.1	16.6	K • 66	3.8
24.4N	# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.96	1.99	62.9	56.7	14.1	₩.	2.9
23.BN	38 30 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	35.6	63.6	5 ° 5 6	7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13.4		200
73.CM	7	7.00		5.0.1	5.5.5	1271	, ,	
31 04	H 10 7	0.44	. 9.29	58.7	55.0	11.4		F .0 -
21.2W	1 7 4 6 1 C	20.65	62.2	58.3	24.6	10.7	3.0	907-
23.68	3.45	50.0	64.9	51.9	6.90	10.1	2.3	-2.6
19.9M	1.2E	51.0	61.5	51.5	53.6	7.6	2.7	4.6-
19.34	2.0E	62.6	51.2	57.1	53.2	er e	1.6	() () () () () () () () () ()
10.68	2 • 8 E	53.0	30 • 6.9	3.00	21.0	n !	• •	
70°0	3 6 E	3.4 0.0	4 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 ·	55.4	5.10.1	1-1	9	7.001
16.68		44	7 - 6 · 6	0.00	59.3	90.99	-1.2	-7-3
16.0N		57.0	4.60	54.5	50.0	ා යා මේ මේ	-1.9	3.6-
15.3N	6.7E	58°C	\$. 68	54.1	43.6	5.3	-2.6	8°5'-
14.6N	3.45	7.69	58.1	53.8	49.3	6.9	E-1	5.6
13.98	8-25	0.0	m c	53.4 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.	or v	ur. a	6.6	3
13.24	ш У с	7.7	3 4 6 K	130 C		2		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
20'1	1904)		5.2.5	47.5	2.4	6-6-	-12.5
11.24	11.25	7.0	55.9	£ 7 ° 9	47.1	1.3	9.9-	-13.3
10.5N	11.96	75.0	56.6	51.5	46.7	1:1	-7.3	3.41-
	37.7E	75.f	10 0 W	51.1	, 64	. S C	7 · (1)	-14.0
24.0	37407	78.0	, n)	56.4	45.5	. m	-8-1	-14.6
7.7N	**************************************	73.(55.3	5.6.0	. • . •	;•0	-9.2	-14.7
7.0N	15.6	60.0	54.9	49.1	6.44	-0-5	-9.4	-14.8
5 . 3N	16.31	3 • E	54.6	6.64	7 * 7 5	4 1	y) (-15.
7 • 5 M	31 F	1.79	2 t	n s an s ar		· · · · · ·	* ·	7.01-
#	17.75	1, 40 % 1, 40 %	7 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0 6		6.01	4.6-	-16.8
77-4	1	2 (4 2 (4 2 (4 2 (4 2 (4 2 (4 2 (4 2 (4	D लग इ. । १ सा	5-2-5		1		-10.2
20.0	11 TF	c , 4 , 3 , 3	1 C	47.5	*2.5	80.11	-10-1	-16.5
2.14	20.45	0.00	9.69	47.1	42.2	-2.	-10.4	-16.d
1 - 4N	21 • 3E	38.0	52.3	46.7	1.1.	7.2-	-10.4	-17.1
S - 7.	22-0=	0 ° 6 ° 6	54.3	4.5.	9 ° C	4.2-	I	E
0.0 S	22.7	99.0		J • 9 •	0.41+	0.0	: • I I -	٠,
٠٠ د ۲	1 m		9 • 1 · ·	40.4	() () () ()	V + 1	7 ° 2 ' 1	:,
1.45	24. 12.	9.00 • 3.00 • 3.	4 • 4 • 4	40.4	ሳ ወ - - - 	-2-3	6 4 6 1 1	-16-7
6 7 9 7	: 0 • r			•			•	1

22

OUTPUT AL		n	We'r panemonten studiks	TER STUDIES	2222212	•	NOOD TATULEACHISEOGFI	AC#3SEPOF1	
		J 70	US LEVEL INCERDET FOR FIXED PAREASTLITES	FIKED PACE	STLTTES				
	TRANSMITTER NAT PEMER = 1000.004 FPEQUENCY=17.4 KHI		Tagiskittep LJCRTIBN 44.7N 57.5W	3 44°14 S	.I. 34	93C - 06 = 958 98 359 959 = 30 - 06 958	и зис 1 еч2 • ЭЕ6		
RECEIVER LUCATIONS	LICATIONS	31ST ANCE		\$(38)			S/MCD8)		
LATCRES) LOW(DES)	CONCDES)	(550)	165 · 0 = 0	0.6 .0 = q	066 •೧=₫		236+0 4	P=13.99A	
2.65	35.55	6.96	50.5	44.5	39.6		-10-3	-16.4	
3.55	26.35	35.0	50.0	46.3	33.2	-2-1	-10.1	-16-2	
4.25	27.66	3.96	£ .0 .	6.44	3.00	-2-	6.61	-15.9	
\$6.4	27.75	97.0	5*64	43.6	39.5	-1.0	10.1	-15.4	
5.65	28.4E	96.0	2.64	43.3	38.1	# 1 ·	5.6-	-15.3	
6. 3S	29.1E	66.3	6.04	42.9	57.3	-1.07	-9.3	-15.0	
J	10.01	1.00.0	3 9 T	7 67	7 42	, , ,	•	. 7.	

COTTONS	T IT A1	(Pr	VLF POGPAGATION STUDIES	RN STUDIES	12822778	ĬN	NCOP T4¢VLF	74¢VLFACM)SEROOI
		P.	LEVEL EXCEEDEN FOR	FIXEU PRERA	FRASILITIES			
	TRANSWITTER NAA Power =1000.0KW					MONTE BY =	*	
	OCC ●		TZANSMITTER LOCATION	44. JN	67.3¥		Dēs	
RECFIVER	LMCATIGMS	JISTANCE		\$(603)			SZNCDBD	
LAT(DES)	LON(NES)	(9£6)	005°0=4	206 °0 = d	P=0.996	P=0.500	0 û 6 • 0 ± d	366 • 0=d
	67.34	10.1	81.0	78.1	75.4	25.3	19.3	14.5
35.7N	67.34	11.0	4 • 68	77.4	74.6	24.6	18.5	13.6
\$	67.34	75°0	5.07	75.9	74.1	93.9	17.9	13.0
.	67.3H) • (1)	2.07	76.4	73.6	23.3	17.3	12.4
N - CE	67.3W	0.4.	1 · 0 · 0	75.7	20°0	۲۰۷۷	16.3	11.6
	10 - 10 O	16.0	4.84	75.3	72.6	22.0	16.9	11.1
: .:	67.3W	17.0	78.1	75.0	72.3	21.7	15.7	10.8
÷	WE-19	10.0	7.77	74.5	5.17	21.5	15.1	16.6
ŝ	67.34	19.0	77.2	74.9	70.9	70.1	14.5	ur e
24.7N	67.3W	5 ° 0 7	76.6	73.4	73.3	2.05	13.0	9 9- 0
å,	67.34		1.67	, . , . , .	. 6	9.61	12.0	7.7
21.7N	#E-10	73.0	0.67	71.6	58.4 58.4	18.0	12.2	, T
4 0	67.34) • • • · · ·	74.5	71.0	67.3	16.0	11.7	6.5
	67.3W	£ • 97	74.9	70.5	67.2	17.4	11.1	5.9
œ	67.3W	26.0	73.5	5.69	66.6	16.9	10.5	5.2
_	67.34	27.5	C. 1	59.3	55.7	15.6	g (•
15.7N	67.38	Ω•83 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	12.6	, 68. 68.	4.00	7 - 5 - 5	7.6	
	67.38 67.38	3.50	5-11	51.5	\$ + + 9 2 • + 5	14.6	, r.	2.1
13.7%	67.34	31.0	71.1	67.0	53.6	14.1	7.1	1.4
12.7N	57.3W	32.0	70.6	9.499	63.0	13.6	y • 9	ας. ω ς
11.	67.58	30°C	7.07	6.00	0 7 7	7 6 1		4.0-
200	67.38) (A)	5.4.5	6.0	20.0	12.2	n ni	-2.0
8 . 7 N	67.3W	36.0	6 A . 6	63.4	5 8 5	11.9	C • 4	-2•3
7.74	67.34	37.6	63.1	65.9	58.6	11.5	~ ·	5.5
6.7N	WE-15	38.0	67.7	** 29	54.1	11.2	4.	
, v	7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -) o o o	2.10	61.8	7.4.5	10.9		7.7
2	7.7. July	61.0	5 5 9 5 5 9	60.7	55.4	10.3	2.6	-3.5
7	Ac - 1-9	42°C	0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	66.2	55.9	10.0	2.3	-3.7
N2 - 1	67,34	43.c	6.3	59.6	55.4	7.6	2.1	-3.9
₩.40	67.3W	0.44	6-79	59.1	54.9	7.6	χ., -1,	-4-1
	٠, ۲	0 • v ·	7° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0° 0°	9.00	7. 4. 4.	1.0		7.7
200	# C + P	. • • •	t • 00	7 4 7	C • C • C) () • • 0	· ·	
2.33	çr	• • •	C • C • C • C • C • C • C • C • C • C •	57.1	0.00 0.00) o	7) + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
0 (A) 0 0 0 0	~		. v	56.5	52.3	((C)	104	4.4
5+33	67.34	6,00	52.1	56.1	51.3	6.7	1.3	•
6.35	•	31.C	01.6	55.5	51.3	9 · 7	1.2	-4.5

PPT I CONTRACT	T IT & 1	ć	VLF PRSPAGATISH STUDIES	iðn STUDIES	*****	2	NCPP 74(VLF	75(VLFACM)SERCRI
		46	TEVEL EXCEEDEN FOR	FIKEN PRESA	SARILITES			
	ANSMITTER N HER HIGGO			•	; •	NOTSE BY =	74 JUL 1 K42	
	USNCV=17.		TARFORITIES SCATICA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B (•).	J M		
RECEIVER	LMCAFIMS	PISTANCE		scoe			S/NC D4)	
LATCOE ₄)	LONCDEG)	(OES)	30c* 1=d	006.C=q	166.5≈a	P=1.566	30€*0≠d	066°û≠d
٠,٠	67.3W	52.0	01.2	55.1	5م. ع	8.6	1.2	-4.5
~	£7.3#	53.6	4.00	55	5.0.3	8.8	1:1	-4.6
6	67.3W	5.4.0	m • 0 0 0	54.1	8 *6 *	un « œ e	٥ ٠.	9.4
	67,38	55.6	20 4 10 0 10 4	5 4 6 5 4 5	3 C	* 1	. 0	
2.3	#C*-09	2 C 4	0.00	52.7	48.4			F . 4
	67.30	2.86	50.00	55.2	6.24	4.0	H•0	8 • 4
	67.7d	3.60	0.40	51.7	4.1.4	8.4	æ• ∵	8 • 4-
5.	67.3W	J*C\$	51.6	51.2	6.94	e .	٠٠٥	9.4-
6.3	67.3W	61.5	57.1	56.7	46.5	e 9	٠٠,	7.4-
	# N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N	95.6	7.85	53.3	66.0	m (, . e c	P
	67.34	53.0	7*95	50 ° 60 ° 60 ° 60 ° 60 ° 60 ° 60 ° 60 °		vn or xo ⋅1	e u	20 G
, ,	67.34		100 A	n or or or or	5 + C + 4		. 4	0 0
֓֞֜֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	#C - 25	65.6	0.46	4.84	44. 1	9 60	0.1	-5.2
	67.34	67.0	4.40	47.9	43.6	7.5	7.0-	-5.5
3.3	67.3#	3.8€	54.5	47.5	43.1	4.6	-0-	-5.7
	67.3W	28°C	53,0	47.9	42.7	7.3	-0-1	0-9-
۳, ر در	67.3W	20.07	1.5.4	9.97	5.5°		, ·	n 4
	67.53	ر (۲۰۰۲ ۲۵۰۲	52.5	46.1	4.1.8 4.1.3	5	7 4 4	10.0
٠	67.34	73.0	2*26	45.0	6 4	y - 9	-1-7) . - -
9.5	67.34	74.0	51.3	4.00	4.0.4	9.5	-2.7	-7.3
0.3	67.3W	75.0	50.9	44.3	2 •0 •	J. 9	-2•	-7.5
31.35	67.34	76.0	10 ° 6	no n	5 ° 6 ° 6	ac 4	7.2.	9.6
	61 - 58 64 - 38	α.	4.04	6,24	7.4.7	9 49 10 10	-2-9	2.8-
	20 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ±	2.62	4 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0	45.4	35.1	5.2	-3.1	# 60 T
	67.34	30.0	7.84	42.0	37.7	5.1	-3,3	-8.4
6.3	67.34	51.0	£ * 6 5	41.5	37.3	4.	-3° s	6°6-
	WE 29	92• r	64.0	41.1	8 • 9 ° °	L.4	-3.7	ت م م ا
v) (01.38	35.0	***	7.00	9000	6 6		, d
יי קיי	6 / • 3 # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	10 T	0 * . + 9	7 ° 7 ° 7	35.5	O = -4	J 7	C
, .	67.32	9.66	46.1) (F)	15.1	() ()	y• 4-	6.6-
2,3	67.3M	87.0	F = 4 +	38.9	34.6	3.6	α • •	-10.1
3.3	67.34	68.0	45.2	34.5	34.2	3.4	-5.0	-10.3
	67.3W	9 6 C	;	33.1	E .	3,4		-10.5
~	67.34 67.34	υ• ύ σο	7.77	31.6	50 F	۲. د. ر د د د	91	-11.3
9 6	1 m () ()	35.0		9 6	32.5	7.7		-11.6
8.3	Nr.76	j•€6	43.1	36.4	32.1	1.9	7.5-	-11.9

SPTIGNS PUTPUT	01 61		VLF Parensatirn atubles	en studies	0007.470	2	1689 74(VL)	NCPP 74(VLFECH)S+P601	
		1. č	DE LEVEL LYGESOFF FOR FIXED PAGSABILITIES	FIXED PAGS	\$31117183				
	TRANSMITTER NAMPONEM POWER = 1000.0KW REQUENCY=17.5 KHZ		THANSPITTED LUCATION 44.74 57.38	. N. ** ND	7.3W	M3NTd JUL R71SE 6W = 1 R42 8543ING = 130, 056	и јаг 1 кнг • 056		
ECFIVER	ECFIVER LOCATIONS	UISTANLE		\$(98)			\$/ 4 (0+)		
1 1(0E3)	IT(RES) LANCDER)	Octo	P=++503	506 °0 = d	0+6.0=d	ن کی ایدو	136 •€=d	u66°i=d	
45.38	67.34	2.96	6 67	*	;				
50.35	67.3W	20.00			31.	1-1	-6.1	-12.0	
51.35	67.3W	0.96	n e e e	30.0	٠١٠ ٢	1.5	-6.3	-12.1	
52.35	67.34	97.0		79.00	50° 3	1.3	-7.1	-14.3	
53,35	67.3W	96	0	۲	39.5	м •	-7.3	-12.5	
54.35	67.3W	0.66	V • (4		2°°5	r	-7.5	-12.3	
55.35	67.3H	100.0	· · · · ·		e (5 * 3	-7.0	-13.0	

26

THETTO	17 16 1		WEILTSTORAGE 47A	PALLTHORES	444444	<i>*</i>	1600 74(VL	[]]]a=S(w]]]=]A>>2
		-	EWE WILESTAN TRANST	Anned Clark	PROPERTY			
	TRANSSTITES AND PERSONS TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSONS TO THE PERS		TRACTITED L'ACATION	.4.7:	37.3k	FIFE B STITE BELLEVIEW	300 F	
af CFIVE?	LUCATIONS	30% x 1510		\$(5)3)			SZMCD+)	
(VEO)iVT	Law(n2r)	930	168.00	000 - 1 = 7)66 ** = d	23,*4=6	7_6 + 3=0	ÿ61°;=a
N 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		6 6		7.7.5	75.1	7.40	4.4.1	, e
43.7N	49.56	11.3	7.5.9	77.3	1 4 . 6	2 6) • 9 H	10.2
43.5N	33.94	12.0	10.01	75.4	74.3	72.3	15.1	9.3
#0 * E	18 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Constitution of the consti	Ф. (d.)	75.4	73.5	21.6	1 6 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 1 10 1
20 CY	3 - C	*) (J (* 0)	٠٠. د	7.5.1	5.00	ν	1. .
42.5#	1 7 m	. (. 6 () 7 ()	7	74.7	42.5	10 P	12.4	Σ ^. 0 ≪
42.3M	30.54	17.9	4.4	74.6	7.17	~ 6!	11.7	9.5
42.5h	Ne +16	, ee e	76.9	73.7	7.4	4.0	3.01	
4 1. 7ti	93.1d	19.0	74.3	73.2	73.3	17.7	1.01	0.4
41.4N	P7*70	0.07	76.7	12.6	54.7	17.	9. ¢	(f) * 71
41.LK	PZ - 36	2.12	5.00	72.1	59.1	15.3	ν. Θ	\$ * 7
7	76 · 20	25-5	74.5	71.5	40 c	15.5	۲.3	h. •
20.40	7000	20.67	5-22	5.6	2000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · ·	۰ - ۱ ۱ - ۱
39.6%	100.54	25.0	43.0	6.69	67°C	2 · 6 ·	φ. 9	-6.2
39.2N	101.8%	26.9	5.62	69.3	66.3	13.5	5.7	-(.5
20°0	152-94	ر د ۲۰۰۰	72.00	53°3	65.8	13.	ا راج ا	6-1-
1 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	20.00	78.0	71.5	58.3	65.3	12.9	6 A	-1.3
37.58	#3*CCT	70.0	\$ - L	57.3	, , , y	10.21		0 1
37.1N	107.5	31.0	77.1	9 49	63.7		•	-2.3
36.6N	106.5W	32.6	69.6	66.3	63.2	11.9	3.7	-2.6
36.28	109.7W	33.6	69.1	55.6	62.1	11.7	702	0,1
35 - 74 35 - 24	110.58	14° 13	9 8 9	25.3	62.1	11.7	m n	30 4 C
34. 7N	112-98	7.00	14.79	5. \$¢.) (P		100
34.24	1.4. GW	37.7	97.2	63.1	50.5	12.0	4.2	-1.7
33.7N	115.04	38.0	8 * 49	63.2	60.0	12.7	4.5	-1.3
₩T •€ ë	116+7W	39.€	64.3	62.3	50.6	12.3	4.4	6 • 3-
32.6N	117.04	0 ° 6 *	C . V .	62.3	59.0	12.4	ر. د	ر د د د د
11.75	10 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C) · [A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	· 10	58. 5	9.71	* .	า วา
31.08	7 . • 6 1 d	42.0	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	61.5	7.86.7	12.9	6 9 6 4	. d
30.4N	120.94	9	11 de 140	66.7	57.4		~ 9	
29. BH	121.98	45.0	64.1	63.3	57.3	13.2	4.9	1.5
29.2N	122 . CM	9.04	63.1	59.3	55.6	13.3	6.5	1.8
28.7N	123.PW	3-24	6.29	5 8. 5	5 * 5	13.4	7.9	2.1
28.1N	124074	ا ن م	0.80	59.1	55.7	13.4	7.1	2.3
77.5N	125.64	6.6	5.2.2	58.7	•	13.5	~° 1	5.6
76 · 92	1.26.54 1.26.54	2. 2. 2.	60°	e e e	6.45	13.6	. · ·	5•3
Z D + 3 M	# * * * ? T	71.10	೨•೧೨ ೨	f	24.5	13.6	7.5	5.1

GPTIONS Gutout	T UT & 1.	c	VLF PPBPAGATION STUDIES	(AN STUBLES	*******	z	N_PP 74(VLF	74(VLFAC4)SERO01
		ڊر	TEARL CACEEDEN FUR	FIXED PROFABILITIE	BILITES			
	TEANSHITTER NAB Power =10_0.FF4							
	FREQUENCY=17.3 KH7		TPAPSPITTER LOCATION	74.74	67.3k	984RING = 270). 0EG	
RECF IVER	RECFIVER LOCATIONS	UTSTANCE		(80)3			(50)4/5	
LETCOEG)	LONCOES)	(050)	565*7ad	066 *0 ≈ d	566*E=4	P=n • 500	ଟିହିଳ ଅନ୍ତ	066*0=₫
25.7N	128-34	55.5	61.5	57.6	1.,0	3.0	7.1	• 1
75.1N	H1.9.1W	53.0	61.3	57.2	53.7		7.2	3.5€
24.4K	130.081	0.45	6.4	54.8	÷	13.4	7.3	1.7
73.8N	130.08	55.0	9*69	7	52.9	3.6.	7° F	6.0
N5.55	177 - 178 -	000	9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	·	57.	13.5	. ,	
No • 12	3	5 L. 6	3°63		51.0	1 5 e 3		7 er
21.2h	134.24	6.3	(W)	54.3	51.4	1 0 E E	7,7	3.4
20.6N	135.00	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 64 S	54.6	51.0	13.3	7.	3.5
1 3. 9N	135.0W	61.	5.45	1.44	27.5	13.3	7.9	3.6
13 - 3N	1.46.5	2•2	5885	51.7	55.3	13.2	7.3	3.7
16.6%	137.41	53.0	67.9	43.4	6.0	13.4	ά.	7 · ·
20.0	138.24	24.0	wir.		C • F !	च प्र लाहा च	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ury (
17.57		25.6	N1 0	5 • T · ·	√	13.4	4 ·	5°7
30.01	34 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 - 64 -	000	T (1)	O	f		• ~	n 4
15.38		. () • • • • • • •	1	1 . C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.		13.6	7	· (1
14.68	142.04	0.0	er u	2 ° 3 °	46.1	13.0	6.9	2°C
13.9N	142.07	70.0	6 F • 3	50.1	45.4	4.4	6.1	1.7
13.24	143.5%	, , • ; • ;	ሉ i : • የራ ።	F -6 +	y i	12.7	y . (1.5
12.6N	N 4 4 4 1	3 7 4	T ()	ς • α τ.	ار در در	5.21	· ·	en ,
11-38		- J		7 4 7 4	• • • • •	***		
10.58	3. U · 9. H) J	, ur · m · m	7 0 2 7		1200	۲.,	, 40 8 8 1 1
45.6	147.34	76.0	54.5	4.1.4	£ • £ •	0 • 1	¥•¢	6.1
9.14	148.CM	77.0	fu en ut	47.5	43.1	11.6	.;	ئ ق
7 2	148.48	ru " oo d	er u		5.00	7 ·	5 4 4	6.7
North	185.28		, e a	40.4	,	7 · F	· ^	و و د رو د ا
Z 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	150.04	, D		45.4	41.7	- Feb.	۳.	-1.3
5.6%	151.64	3	51.5	45.7	* • I	*••	3.4	20 ° 1
No * 5	152.34	£ * £ 5	51.2	45.3	*1.0	10.1	ر و ق	-7•7
6.2h	153.56	(• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6.00	4.00	46.5	7	٠ د د د	-2.6
3.54	15.00 to 10.00 to 10.		er (\$ * \$ \$	* • ·	9. 6	2•:	. 4 .
		Crit en en en	~ °	* * *	7.7	T • 6		6.0
41.7	20 C B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	0 1.4 • 4 • 6	7 4	V = C = 1	٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠ ٠	• • •	~ ·	7 4
7	, ,	, (°	r * 0 4	6 2 3		7 *** 0 Q	. c	7 7 -
: U		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(°C 4	7 4		1 0 0		
500	, n,) () () () () ()	٠,٠	C • 5 4	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	* ° 'L	, ç,	- 60 - 41 - 1
1.45	156.74	2.4.34	£. 9,	45.2	37.3	2.2	-1-	-6.4
5.15	12.551	33.6	7	41.4	37.5	6. 6	-1-	ؕ41

OPTIONS OUTPUT	T T A1	÷.	VLF POROAGATION STUDIES	ON STUDIES	2132323		.PP 74(VL)	NUPP 74(VLFACM)SERGEL	
		c	no LEVEL EXCEEDEN FOR FIXED PAGEASILITIES	FIYED PROGA	12111125				
	TPANSMITTE NEA POWER =1010-FRW FREEUENCV=17-8 KHZ		TABI SMITTER LIGATIEN 46.7% 67.38	en *** **	7 • 5 if	MOISE NW = 1 MAZ EFARINJ = 270, DEG	1 JUL 1742 066		
RECEIVEA	RECEIVER LACATIANS)ISTANCE		5099			S/W(D+)		
LATCDESS	.ATCDES) LONCDES)	(9311)	. e . e . e . e . e . e . e . e . e . e	y∂6*J=a	Je6÷t≃d	0 = 1 = 5 C] uk • n=d	366° j=d	
2.85	166.14	6.96	1.4	41.5	37.1	6.2	-2-1	-7.4	
3.55	76.94	+5.f	9.1.4	41.2	36.3	2.4	-2.4	6	
4.25	161.54	9.6 G	£ 7. 1	on C	35.5	(e)	-3-1		
56.4	162.34	97.0	64.7	5.00	36.1	4	-3.6		
5.65	163.34) • i6	* * y *y	4.5.1	35.6	9		5.6-	
5 - 3 5	153.74	66.0	45.1	39.8	35.5	. B	4.5	-12.1	
7.05	164.44	100.0	4. v. 4	39.5	***	, P			

A SERVICE

TRANSWITTER NAA PROBABILITIES S/SCM 54, 41, 1000.	TUATO	i f ut Al	5	VLF POSPAGATION STUDIES	ION STUDIES	£/5=S		9776		į
PROMER = LEGGONGW PERCONNEW PROMITTER LICATION 44.7N 67.3W NOISE BU = 1 K4Z BEGUENCY=17.8 KHZ PRANSMITTER LICATION 44.7N 67.3W BEARING = 0.05G S/NCO^2)			993 BC	EL LXCEEDEO FOR	FIXED PROBJ	MILITIES	2780		41.	1600. 10
LONGOES) (JEG) P=3.50; P=5.99; P=5.60 P=0.99; P=7.60 P=0.900 67.34 10.1		POWER =1000.0KW FREQUENCY=17.8 KMI	186	ANSHITTER LICAT.		7.3k	NOISE BUT TO BEARING TO (ти јоц 1 к42 3. оеб		
67.34 10.05) P=0.90; P	RECE IVER	LICATIONS	DISTANCE		\$(59)			S/ N (30)		
67-34 10-6 17-6 13-5 17-8 17-6 17-6 17-6 17-6 17-6 17-6 17-6 17-6	(140)	LON(DES)	(OEG)	D=3+>@C	006 * 0 = a	(66*9=d	005°C=d	006*0=d	66°0=4	ي
17.6 13.5 17.6 17.6 13.5 17.6 13.5 17.6 13.5 17.6 13.5 17.6 13.5 17.6 17.6 13.5 17.6	54.78	67.3W	; e• C	35.2		•				
67.34	74.78	67.34	20.0	17.4	13.5	10.3	4.00	1.4.7	36.5	
112.7E 50.0 -27.5 -30.9 17.0 12.0 112.7E 50.0 -27.5 -30.9 5.5 17.0 112.7E 60.0 -25.9 -29.9 -33.3 -30.0 -30.0 112.7E 50.0 -30.0	84. 7H	WE -29	2000	2 °6-	1.4-	-7-4	n • n •	17.6	13.5	
112.7E 66.0 -25.6 -35.1 0.5 -3.0 112.7E 66.0 -3.0 -3.0 -3.0 112.7E 70.0 -3.0 -3.0 -3.0 -3.0 112.7E 70.0 -3.0 -3.0 -3.0 -3.0 -3.0 112.7E 90.0 -36.2 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46.6 -36.5 -46	85.3N	112.75		-63.5	-27.5	- 50° -	7-11	12.2		
112.7E 70.0 -25.9 -33.3 -5.1 -10.5 -12.7E 50.0 -41.6 -75.1 -29.0 -35.2 -40.5 -44.6 -75.1 -29.0 -75.1 -29.0 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5	75.34	112.75		-2 p. 8	-32.6	-35.1	0 1	. '	1.7-	
112-75 50.0 -36.0 -41.6 -72.1 -20.0 -41.6 -72.1 -20.0 -41.6 -72.1 -20.0 -40.5 -40.5 -40.5 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2 -40.2	65.3M	112.75		6.57-	- 50.9	-33,3		6 ·	7.5	
112-75 97-6 146-7 146-1 146-7 146-1 146-7 146-1 146-7 146-1 146-7 146-1 146-7	55.34	112.7		-36°J	-38.0	9.14-		5 401-	-15.2	
122.76 146.1 -46.1 -50.6 146.5 146.1 146.1	45.3N	112.75	3	-34.2	-46.5	7.54-	1 7 7 7	L 7	-34.4	
	35.3N	112.76	1.0.0	E	-46.1	-5n. 6	3 e c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	7 6 6 9 1	F 20 4 -	

JO

GPTTONS Autout	T a line	•	VLF pamp45£f1f9 STUDIES	en stubtes	S=5/J	z	NCPP 74/VLFACM)SER002	FACM)SER	002	
		ζ.	IS LEVEL EXCELDED AND FINED DRABABILITIES	FIMEN DRARA	ASILITIES	87878	S/ SUBN 64.	• 13	1000-10	
	TPANJMITTER MAA Pewes =1000.0FW FPEQUENCY=17.8 KH7		TAKESWITTER LYCATION +4.TN 67.3M	3h +4.7h	¥€ - 7 c	MONTH AGENTA I BEENDING = 50.	1 442 1 442 • 956			
RFCEIVEP	RECEIVEP LICATIONS	SISTAPCE		SC3P)			S/M(OP)			
LATCOESS	LATCOEG) LEMCOEG)	(930)	565+3=d	Ú05 *0 = g	P= 993	675°v=d	C.6. 0=d	066*0≃0	96	
43.8K	13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(3) q (3) q (4) q	17.9	13.6	10.2	G . C.	75.4			
37.5N	26.25) () ()	5.55	€ 6	x.	7.84	23.4	16.9		
32.6h	17.54	. c			.*	75.1	21.5	17.		
26.94	3 1.3		* *	٠ ا	-3.7	72.9	18.	13.		
2C. 6N	(U)	2		4 .	-5.4	6.91	11.	9		
13.5h	F. 25	2.07		* '	- 0 - 1	## + D ##	5 • 2	7.		
7.04	Li V) (C			-13.2	£ • 5	-3.5	1.0-	~	
₹3.0	22.75	330		6.6	-15.2	-2.2	y • 66 –	-14.6	-	
20.5	10°0	6.6	- 0 - ()	· · · · · ·	·	3 - 2 -	-11.61	-17.6	_	
		,		-	2					

SMETTAR	T UT A1	en.	WLF PPODAGATION STUDIES	ON STUDIES	r/S=S	13M	NCPP 74(VLFAC#)SEPC02	LFAC#)SE	2004
		TEAST TO	PULLIVEL EXCREDEN FOR FIXED PAMBASILITYES	FIXLG PASSA	STLITTES	MD0575	• • • •	4 1.	1666. 13
	TOANSWITTER WLL POWER =1000.CRU FREQUENCY=17.5 K-12		TPANSWITTER LYCATION 44.7N		67.345	MAISE BU = 1100.	JUL 1742		
RECEIVEP	RECEIVED L'CATIONS	JISTANGE		\$(98)			S/WCOK)		
LAT(0E5)	.AT(DES) LMN(DEG)	(990)	P= 1 + 59	059 °C⊐a	606 °C=0	0€3°L=d	. y6 • ? = d	û66°0=d	÷66
34.74	67.3W	16.0	7.2.7	4	•	•			
24.74	57.3W	200.0	7.62	F: C	7 .	m • M	10.3	, T	5
14.78	67.34	20.0		3 c	1 3.4	25.2	13.4	ď	σ.
21.4	FE-19	0 94	C = . 4	5 • 6 7	10.1	14.6		e¥	
5.35	67.3W		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100	2.6	10.6	2.3	1	
15.35	67.34		13.3	¥.	-;	9.7	1.3	*	
25.35	27.32		2 9 7	G I	2 • 3	8.3	6.0	1	
35.35	NE 7.9	0 C		1.1	7:	7.1	6.0-	9-	· m
45.35	67.34		1.5) • (-0-3	5.1	-3,3		-0
55.35	67.34	1001	• • •	-0-7	-2.8	2.5	ن • برا ا • برا	-11.3	.
							•		2

MPTIGES T	T 14 TU	C.	SIIONIS WWIIIOSEWOO STR	FTR STUGITS	5=5/3	•	ZJ°d-S(@BBC@)>+ cd)%	FAC®)S-P	۲.
		fre'	to as with INCREMENT FOR FIRM DECEMBELITIES	FIXED DARGE	4811.11.5	67875	C/SJ54 54.	,1,	Iters It
	TEANSWITTER NEED PONE PREGUENCE 17.3 May		Tadns***TEQ 19CATIEN 44.74		67.5 W	TARRE SOLOR S	926 e		
CE IVER	RECEIVER LYCATIONS	JISTANCE		808			(6)4/5		
TC0E6)	LATCDEG) LONCOES)	()= 3)		396 * ¢ = d	ښ∈ و من= ط	ý)} <u>`</u> s*∟=d	TUK • C=d	uf ó • u=d	e n
3.62	91.2W	3.04	4	``	,				
1.48	74.46	70-07	7 67	***	21.1	33.9	16.6	10.	40
7.5 N	116.44	20.5	6.17	*	33.9	1.7.¢	7.0	47	21
2.EN	117.04) \ 		1.0+	12.4	7.4	-5-	C 1
N6-9	36.55		0 ° 0	6.1.	37.6	12.4	c ·	0-	
. 6 N	1.55.74		7.7	23.3	70°	13.6	7.5	2.	
3.94	142.84	10.		11.5	1.	13+3	a * r	3.	
7.0K	156.24	٥ <u>د</u> ٥ د	0	9.7	2.2	12.3	4.4	1	. *-
20.0	157.34	, c		 • .	-1.	3.11.	7.7 • 9		
7.05	164.44	0.01	2000	(•)		7. è	-0-1	15.0	
			***	•	7.1.			•	

CPTIONS T			VLF PPSPAGATION STUDIES		£/\$=8	8 9	NCPP 74CVLFAC#3SEPOG3
			TRANSMITTER HIN RELEIVER 3EAFING = 301.70	R MIN 54.0N 28.0F SSSN 65.0N 10.5M 391.70EG DISTANCE =	21.2066		
			FREQUENCY = 26.1 KHZ NCISE BW = 1 KHZ PMWFR = 500.0KW	26.1 KHZ 1 KHZ 500.0KW			
			TOT HINDE	ب			
149	5(08)	N(DE)	SZACOEN	\$16#A(S)	STGMA(NU)	SIGHB(SN-L)	NOT
90		40.5	3 6• i	3.6	7.7	4.3	*
15	76.7	6003	36.4	3.6	2.4	4.3	ż
92		59.7	50.5	3.6	J • J	£•3	-
63	64.3	39.1	25.2	2.0	5.4	3.1	ല
7 0		38.7	25.7	2.0	2,5	3.2	a
3.5		57.3	27.4		5 • 5	7 6 FG	٤.
0.5	6.49	36.9	28.0	2.0	2.6	3.3	a
0.7	65.1	36.9	28.2	2.0	2.5	3.	ت
e o	£3	37.4	27.8	2.0	5.5	3.2	٥
60	65.3	28.1	27.3	2.0	2.5	3.2	۵
10	65.4	38.9	26.5	2.3	5.6	3.3	c
11	65.4	39.9	5.65	2	1.07	3.6	ເາ
12	65.4	7 · û +	25.3	2.0	2.6	3.3	Çı
13	65.4	46.3	25.1		1.7	3.4	ن
16	65.3	40.	25.1	2.1	2.6	.* •	٠
15	65.2	39.9	25.3	2.0	2.7	4.0	۵
1,4	65.	39.3	1.00	7 • 7	7.0	3 . ¢	ບ
11	54.0	38.8	25.0	2.0	2.1	.	.
1.6	64.6	38.3	4.57	2.3	2.5	3.3	ن
6.1		37.7	26.7	2 • 5	5.7		<u>۵</u>
23	66.3	36.5	27.6	4.5	7.5	***	٠
21	69.1	7.04	2.7.9	3.6	2.4	7.4	-
22	76.4	9 * 6 E	3.4.5	3.6	C•.1	, ,	-
67	7.97	39.1	37.5	3.6	9 • :	۴.3	ĸ

THOTHE SULPHIT	•	o,	VLF PP#946ATION STUDIES	STUDIES	1/5=5	z	NUPP TACKL	24(WLFFC#)5 ₂ 8673
		1 40	TEMES - XCTEDED ROS	FIXED DRAMA	SETTLITES A	#:'R		56. 22.
	PEWER = 15C.FKW Freguency=26.1 KHZ		a. Ceives Lacailsu	\$u •9\$	10.04	MANAGE SEE SEE SAGESTANDE	11 JUL 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
RANSHITTE	RANSHITTER LUCATIONS	TSTANCE		\$(29)			(+3)#/s	
LATCDEG)	LENCUEGO	(O÷C)	265.€2±9	096.0=4	0=0.995	695.004	00 €* 5= d	06t*0=c
3 V	r	•	•					•
	3 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	= C	6.7	9°41	, e . d	5°69	4.7 4. 2.0 4.	17 C
57.0N	0.0	3.5	1.0.1		, m	34.0	35.3	2 4 N
56+07	•	ا من ا خو	1.71	3•2	-5.5	37.4	32.7	28.€
55.CN	16.38		er d	4 6	-7. 0.0	35.4	30.7	26.8
		ب د د	V 60 3	2	7 - 6	e	5 4 2 7	1.67
52.0N		. ao		**~-	6.6-	36.9	26-1	22.3
\$1.0N	10.04		3.5	-3.4	-10.5	8.64	24.4	23.65
50-0N	10-01	. O.T	1.2	-4-3	-11-1	7.8.7	23.9	19.9
#0.04	10°01	11.9	M*c	-5.0	-11.6	27.8	£22°	19.0
20 m	20.01	12.0	9.01	-5.7	-12.1	27.0	22.3	7 - 6 -
# 0 · 1 · 1		13.0	-1.3	9 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °	-12.4	76.2	23.1	D .
45.0N		15.0	2.8	4.7-	-13.6	7-42	7.5	2.91
44.3N	700	15.0	-3.4	- B - 2	00		19.0	14.8
43.0N	1C-0K	17.5	ŭ*9-	-9-1	-14.4	73.4	18.2	14.2
42-04	30.01	18.0	7.7-	6.9	-13.8	73.1	17.9	0 • 1
K 7 - 1 4		20.0	90 A	4.0	-14-2	75.7	7.7.	13.5
20° 60	30.01	21.0	n ce • a • u • u	-10-4	15.3	71.1	10.7	13.1
36.0N	13.0W	22.5	100	-11-5	-15.8	71.5	15.9	1
37.0M	10.04	23.0	-4.3	-11.5	-16.5	9.00	15.4	11.5
36.0%	10°01	26.0		-12.0	-11.0	56.3	2.0	11.1
35.04		25.0	ت ا ا ا	-12.5	-17.5	0°61	14.5	7 C
33.04	70.01	27.0	7.8-	-13.5	1.61-	18.0	13.6	
32.0%	MC-01	28.€	-4.5	-14.0	-19.3	10.4	13.1	9.2
31.0%	10.54	29.0	æ*61	-14.6	-23.6	17.9	12.5	1.1
30-0X	NO-01	30.0	2.01-	-15.2	-20.9	17.4	12-0	6.
20.00	70.00	31.0	# T T T	-13.1	-21.4	3.4	11.5	4°2
27.08	30°01	33.0		7-61-	-210	10.0	11.7	
26.0N	10.01	200	E-21-	-17.5	-73-	1901		6. 1
25.64	30.01	35.0	-17.8	-17.8	-23.6	0.54	9.6	9.6
24.04	10.04	36.6	-13.2	-18.3	-24.5	14.5	9.1	5.2
23.0N	70-01	37.6	-13.7	-16.8	-24.5	14.1	8.4	4.7
22.0W	10.01	38.0	-14.2	-19.2	-24.9	13.6	7 · 8	4.2
NO-17		3.63	9.47.	1.9.1	7.52-	13.5	۲۰,	3.7
2000				7.07-	-26.0	12.1	7.7	36.3
18.0N	*0.0T	45°C	-16.9	-21.0	-26.3	11.8	6.2	

SPTICMS	T T T A2	σ	VLF POGPAGATION STUBLES	STUDIES	f /S=\$	3E.	Nipp 74(VLF	74(VLFACM)SERG03
		36	LEVEL EXCEEDED FOR FIRED PROGRAMILITIES	IKEN PRUM	STUTTES	***		54. 28.
	POWER = 140.CKW Frequency=26.1 KHZ		PLCLIVER LAGATION	E NC-09	13.0W	MAYSE BW = 130+ EFARING = 130+	30L (41Z) 9EG	
FRANSHITTE	FRANSHITTER LOCATIONS	DISTANCE		\$(36)			S/4C94)	
(DECOEC)	LONCDES)	(530)	Dec. leq	únc•6=d	0+6•C=d	0050 629	P=3.96J	066*0=d
17.0%	NO.01	ý°83	4.6.1	-21.5	-26.7	4-1	5.7	.
16.21	30-01	0 . 9 .	-15.1	-23.2	-29.1	1101	4.2	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
15.CM	10.01	45.0	-17-2	-23.6	-59.5	10.7	3.8	-1.2
14.0%	70°07	3.94	-17.6	-24.1	-53.9	16.2	3.3	-1.7
13-08	30 - DT	4. 1. 0	C) 1	-24.5	-33.63	30 °	2.3	-2.1
11.04	#0.01	7	4	-25.C	-30.7	***	***	-2.6
10.0E		3 - O - C	0 10 1	125.4	0 0 10 1	a di e di	1.7	7.5
80°6	30.01	51.6	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-26.3	-37.3	2	,	(e e
8. ON	10.0W	52.0	1 a 4 7 a	1-55-	-55	7.8	0.5	1.4-
7.0N	10.04	53.0	-21.5	-27.1	-33.1	7.4	0-1	-5.2
W0 . 9	10-04	24.0	6-72-	- 27.5	-33.4	7•6	-6.3	-5.6
2.C	10-14	55.0	2-12-	-27.9	-33.7	5.1	L*U-	ن 1 و و ن 1 و
200		0.00	V 1 2 1	7 87-	136	¶ :	1 • 1 •	6.9
No. o	70.01		C 1 C 2 - 1	0.47	146.5	7.5	7 (3) 0 1 1 1	-7-0
1.0N	10.04	59.0	5-27-	-29.3	-34.9	3.6	-2-1	-7.
NO.0	10.94	0.09	-27.8	9.62-	-35.2	***	-2.5	-7.8
1-05	A6-31	2.16	3-1	-33.5	-36.0	Ti b de	-2.9	-8-6
2-05	10.54	62.0	2°57	m • 0m	-35.3	A .	-3.2	-8-9
3.05	30 O	0.19	-23.7	-36.6	-36.6	Z • • •	6 , 6	-9.2
n 00	20 C	1 6 4 7	6.75		6-06-	15. A. C.	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	e
\$ 0.00 \$ 0.00	30.01	56.6	-24.5	-31.5	-37. 1	3.66 3.2	7 4 4	6 6 6 1
7.35	30-07	57.0	0049	-31.9	-37.7	יא ל פיי	Q.	-10-5
B. C S	10.0W	J • 85	-24.2	-32.2	-34.0	2.7	-5-5	6.01-
9.05	10.04	3.69	-25.5	-32.5	-34,3	2.4	-5.5	-11-1
22.61		10.	\$ 15 7 1	-32.9	-38.5	2.4	ا ا	-11.4
11-65	10.0I	11.0	1.62-	-33•1	-34.9	OTO Y	-6.2	-11.7
12.15		7.7	*****	1.35. L	2 965	6 • T	1.01	7.7
76.41		3.41	0 4:1	0 0 0 0	4 64 1	7 0	0 6 0 1	-124
15.05	3000	0 C S	C*17+	34.4	-40-1	Y (1)		1 3.1
16.05	30.01	75.6	5-2-	134.0	7.04-	; m; • • •	6: 	-13.4
17.05	10.04	77.0	6 - 1 7 -	-35.1	7-00-	1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	2.8-	-13.7
18.05	10.01	78.0	-29.1	-35.4	0.14-	- N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N	4 ° 6 -	-14.1
13.55	1C-04	79.6	-20.4	-35.7	-61.6	5-0-	T • E'	-14.4
20.05	10.04	9 0° 0	1.82-	-36.1	-41.7	8 • 0 -	7.6-	-14.8
21.05	AC*CT	91.0	-29.0	-36.4	-42.1	-1•1	-9.5	-15.1
22.05	10.01	2° 2a	2.67-	-36.1	-42.4	-1.4	£.6-	-15.5
23.05	10.04	63.0	5.62-	-37.0	-42. B	-1-1	-10.2	-15.9
24.05	1C-31	0.48	6°2-	-37.4	-63-1	-2.	-16.5	-16.2

77 104100 1 5501140	T T UT A.2	o	VLF pryothation stubies	n stubtes	S=5/J	``	DD 74(VLF	FUDESCADERCADERCE	
		i)	DE LEVEL EXCEEDEN FOR FIXED PROBABILITIES	186cd G3XI	BILITIES	NUE		54. 28.	
	POWER = 1.0.CKW FREQUENCY=26.1 KHZ		RECEZIER L"CETION 50.0% 10.0W	50.0W	H0.01	######################################	930 7 95		
TRANSPITTE	transpirter Locations	TISTANCE		\$(66)			S/N(9:)		
(94CEFE)	LATCDEG) LOWCDES)	(DES)	€05*0±d	306*0=0	P= 0+990	P=7.503	P=0.909	066°0=d	
25.05	70°01	95.0	1.00-	-37.7	-43.5	-2.3	-16.4	116.6	
27.05	70-01	000	11) (1) (1) (- 33 • 0	7.74-	-2.5	-11.2	-17.4	
28°CS	70.01	9	စု ရ ရ (၂)	- 56.3	-44-7	-2.8	-11.6	-17.7	
29.55		• •	F = 10 2	138.6	-45° i	-3•1	-11.9	-15.6	
30.05	10.01	2 00	15.46.	9869	2 * 5 * -	-3•3	-12.2	-18.3	

GPT I CANS OUTPUT	T T 1.	σ	VLF PEMEAGATION STUDIFS	N STUDIFS	£ 75=8	<u> </u>	17A) 51 dans	74(VL#AG4)Staun3
		Ĉ.	3 865 17673087 73857	TKED PROMI	ABTLITTES	K if		54. 28
	PCMEP = 1.0.0K*** FREQUENCY=25.1 F		KPCLIVER LACATION	٠,٠٠٥	10.08	1945 = 5816435 2 = 540 35164 35464	936 • 7 × 42 10 +	
TRANSMITTE	ANSHITTER LOCATIONS	TISTANCE		\$(03)			\$/ 4 (33)	
LAT(0EG)	LCN(DES)	(613)	P=6.503	ە≃ر•غۇن	J=J+995	77502	P=0.923	066*6=6
		-	32 6	7.41	i e	9-67	45.4	(2) e4
50°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°0°	で で で い い に い に い に に に に に に に に に に に	ب در ۱۰ در	C * / 2	6.8) m	5.3.5	38.9	35.1
86°65	16.04	ු කා • අ • අ)	12.1	5.5		39.9	35.3	31.4
59.8K	18.04	، ري ا فو	H * C H	3.2	E*C-	47°.	32.7	26.9
20 · 68	#6*6T	۰ ر د م	z *	, ,	n ?	13 P. 14 P.	000	26.2
59.5N	21.9W	0 0 0 N	7 T	11.2	* ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12°5'	27.5	23.8
10.00 10.00 10.00	30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ے ر و	2.5	-2+3	-1.5	31.0	26.3	22.5
58.6N	27.54	0.0	2.4	-3.4	-10.3	5462	25.5	21.2
58.5W	29.4W	.0.C	1.9	-4.3	-15.9	28.8	24.0	20.1
N2-85	51.2W	11.6	4 °	-5.0	-11.5	5.16	23.	19.2
57.94	30° 00'	12.0	ر. د. س	2.4	-12.5	26.2	21.3	17.4
7 R	20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0) • C 7 -	14.3	-7-1	-13.1	25.4	20.5	16.7
56.84	30 m	15.6	7.6-	1.1-	-13.6	24.7	1 9 • 7	15.8
56.4N	39.84	16.0	4°6-	-6.4	-14.2	2.4.0	J 6 1	15-1
55.9N	41.44	17.6	C • 5 -	0.61	-14.7	M en c	91.	14.5
55.5%	43.04	18.0	6.31	-16.9	-20.2	22.0	17.1	13.0
N 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		70.00	2 ft : 5	-12.1	4.6	71.5	16.5	12.7
54.0N	47.54	21.0	16.2	-12.6	-42.0	21.2	16.1	12.2
53.4N	#6.84	75.5€	1-6-7	-13.1	-55.5	() () () ()	15.6	11.8
52.9N	3C+34	23.0		-13.7	-23.2	2.62	15.2	11.9
52.34	77 - C	> • • ×	0 c. α	-14.2	-24.3	15.3	14.2	10.3
51.18	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26.0	, ° 8 −	-15.2	4.45-	16.9	13.8	6.6
50. 5N	55.5W	27.0	6.8-	-15.6	-25.3	18.4	13.3	9 0
46.64	56.84	28.3	7°6-	-15.3	6.52-	17.9	12.3	9 0
49.2N	57.94	29.62	5 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 ·	0 1	-40,7	17.1	11.3	7
48.6W	M1 *5.0	30.0	r 00 6 1 1 1	-17.9	4-12-	16.5	11,3	1.4
47.3M	611.34	32.0	-11.2	-1F.4	-29.1	16.1	10.9	7.0
46.6N	62.41	33.0	-11.6	-18.9	-, 3.5	15.7	16.5	9.9
45.9N	62.5W	34.6	-12.1	-19.5	-29.1	15.2	10.0	5°0
45.2N	64.54	35.0	6.77-	2 • D > -	4.67-	8 • 4 1	• 0	
24.44	65.54 44.44	35.4	등 대 대 : : 대 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	-21.0	2406-	13.8	, kr.	
MO	77.74	28.0	- 30 - 61 - 61 - 61 - 61	-21.4	-31.2	13.5	8.1	4.1
2	68+34	39.6	-1401	-21.9	-31.7	13.1	7.8	3.7
41.6N	69.2W	0.04	-14.5	-22.2	-32.1	12.8	4.	m c
0.8	70.14)•I•	6 * 4 7 -	-22.6	-32.5	7.71		7.0
7	71.04	7 - 24	2・兵事:	-23.3	-35.5	14.0	0.0	0 • 7

CPT IONS GUTOUT	T T UT &.	m	VLF PROPAGATION STUDIES	N STUDIES	S=S/J	z	NCPP 74(VLF	74(VLFAC4)SEH003
		. 4.0	EVEL EXCEEDED FOR	FIXED PRUBA	PRUBARILITIES	JAM		54. 28.
	POWER = 150.5KW Frequency=26.1 KHZ		PECEIVER LACATION	60.0N	10.0W	MONTH MOTSE BW = 1 REARING = 210.	н JUL 1 кн2 1 0EG	
TRANSMITTE	ER LOCATIONS	DISTANCE		\$(00)			S/NCOB)	
LATCDEG)	LONCDESS	(920)	P=u+503	006*1=4	666.0=d	005 *î=d	006 • 0≈ d	060"0=d
49.3N	71.84	43.0	-15.5	-23.5	-33.4	11.7	6. 2	0 • 2
38 - 5N	72-64	A	٠,	-23.9	-33.9	11.4	or i	Pro 4
37.68	N4*6/	0.04 0.04	-16.2	7.42-	24.2	7		M C
35.24	# N + N + N + N + N + N + N + N + N + N	44.0	-15.8	5.42-	-35.1	10.4	4.7	90.0
35.4N	N8 * 51	48.0	-17.2	-25.3	-35.5		4.4	200
34.6N	16.5u	0.0	-17.5	-25.7	-35.9	1.6	ا و و	-12
33.88	77.2W	5.0°	-17.9	-26.3	-35.3	5.6	3°4	5.6-
33.08	40 · 60 · 6	0 · 1 · 6		4.92-	-36.7	1.4 P	E 0	۳ م ا ا
30.00	34.05	53.6	α α α α α α α α α α α α α α α α α α α	-27.2	137.5	0 00	2.5	-1-1
35.68	3.00 B	54.0	ं ल हार । न्त्	-27.7	138.1	or (2.1	-2.3
49.62	87.7W	55.5	5°6T-	-28.0	-38.5	7.7	1.3	-2.7
29.0N	81.44	26.0	T	-28.5	- 59. 1	7.3	1.3	-3.1
28.1N	82.54	51.6	2-2-	6.82-	-33.6	6.9	o •	3.6
M5-75	100 m	200	c*.v1	1.9.1	1 4041	0.0		9 4 7 4 1
25.7N	3 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	60. č	-21.1	- 30.1	-41.0	1 O	-6.3	8.4
24.8N	84.54	9 1 19	-21.5	-30.4	-+1-4	. w	9 • 0 -	-5.2
24.6N	31 + 50 00 00	52.0	-21.8	- 30. B	6.14-	m s	٠, د د د	5.6
22.5N	7 m (1) vi (1) v	0 0 0 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1.22	-31.5	-42.3	7.4	-1.5	2 • ¢ · j
21.5N	36.96	9.59	-22.6	-31.8	-43.1	• •	-2.1	-6.7
20 - 6N	47.4W	3.95	6*67-	-32.2	-43.4	.) • •	-2.5	-7.2
19.62	## * ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	5.4. 5.4.	\$ * E (4)	-32.7	1.44.	بي د د د	C: 4,	- 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
18.1N	#1 ° 5 %	9.69 9.69	-24.1	-33.7	-45.1	5 • 2	-3.8	6.8
17.N	89.7 M	76.0	-24.4	-34.1	-45.4	5.5	-4.7	-9.3
74.9H	90 . ZH	71.0	35 0 4 0 1 0 1 0	-34.5	1.99-	2.2	-4.5	-9.7
10.5%	7 3 10 4 10 5 10 6 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7	72.0	2 • 42 =	4 4 5 C	146.5	υ ·		-16.4
2 d • E	#8*T6	74.0	6 4 7 1	92.6	5-14-	7.4	, a	-10.9
13.2N	92.4W	75.	-25.1	-35.9	-47.9	0	-6.1	-14.3
12.5	me)= 26	75.0	4.47-	- 30• 2	-48.2	9*0	y • 9 -	-11.6
11.5%	115°26	77.0	9.4.2	-37.3	£ 67-	9.0	-7.7	-14.0
2 d d d	다 10 가 네 네 네 가 네	0 ° 6 %	1.25.8	-37.6	150 S	m 0	on on	14.3
Z (2)	# 10 ' ut	0 0	7 4 7	γ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00	5 m	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1 4 1 -
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 G	-21.6	3.00	-51.4	5 6 6		-15.4
6	ζ.	±2 •€	6.72-	-33.9	-> i.e.	9.0-	-6-	-15.7
٠٠ ٢ - ١٠ ٢ - ١٠		ပ ရ ရ	-28.2	-39.2	-52.2	¥•I-	r • 6 - 1	-16.1
•		 * *	* • 1	•	C *; C =	C • T_	. • > 7	******

TELLONS T T OUTPUT A 2	7	VLF PPOPAGATION STUBLES	ION STUBIES	f /5=5		NGPP 74CVI	CADATACATATATATATA
	13 / 37 93	DE LFVEL EXCEEDEN FOR FIXEN PROBATLITIES	Fixen pare.	4a TLITTE S	# C P		54. 28.
POWEP = 1.0.CFH FREGUENCY=25.1 KHZ	υ υ	PECETYER LECATION 60.0V 10.0W	[80.58 N	3k 7	MANTH JUL NAISE BW = 1 KHZ BEAPING = 276. DEG	74 70C TH	
TRANSMITTED LOCATIONS	DISTANCE		5(3c)			(30)	
LATCDES) LONCDES)	(650)	ن د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	U36 * 4 = a	266.€=4	. ú95° L=d	0,6.€=d	Uò6*D≃a
4.3N 97.5W 3.5N 98.0W	() 4 () 4 () 4 () 4 () 4 () 4 () 4 () 4	5.07-	0.04-	6 • 7 5 -	4-1-	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
		0 ° 0 7	-45.3	-53.3	α.	110.6	-17.5
	58.0 0.88	4.071	6.04	-54.0	-2.:	c.01-	-17.8
-		-29.7 -30.1	-41.2	4.96-	* 0 . 7 . 7	-11.5	-16.1 -18.4

GPTIONS GUTPHT	T JT A3	œ	VLF PRGDAGATISN	SN STUDIES	*******	z	NCPP 74CVLF	74(VLFACM)SEROD4
		Ą	ERAGE PRIPABILITIES	FOR FIXED 1	THRESHMLOS			
	TRANSMITTER NAA Pomer =1000.0kw Frequency=17.8 kHz		TRANSMITTER LOCATI	LOCATION 44.7N 6	7 • 3 K	MONTA NOISE BW = 350.	н JUL 1 кн2 • Des	
RECEIVER	LACATIONS	DISTANCE	V	PAGBABILIT	<u> </u>) ?	N PRSBASILIT	¥ £:
LATCDEG)	LONCOEG)	(053)	T = 500	T= 68.6	3.05 =1	T= 12.0	1= -5.0	r=-24.0
53.1N	75.6W	10.0	1.07	1.060	100.4	0.999	1.000	1.003
53.9N	76-61	12.0	3.000 1.000	•	1-005	\$60°C		1,000
55.5M	76.74	13.0	1.000		1.000		1.000	1.000
56.2N	H6.61	16.6	1.600	1.536	1.000		1.000	1.000
57.0N	01.04	15.0	1.00	٠	1.000	760.0	1.000	1-000
	# 2 - 2 m	2.7		1.300	0000		1.000	1.000
59.2N	#6 * 48	18.0	1.003	•	000-1	•	1.000	
86.65	86.34	3.9.C	1.00)	1.000	100.1	~	1.000	1.000
63.6%	87.7W	20.0	7.00	•	200-1	~ *	1.000	1.000
61.34	72°60	22.6	1+990 1-000	1.000	1.000	766.0	00001	000-1
62 + 58	90.04	23.0	1.0.0) 0 1 1		1.600	1.000
63.2N	94.2W	24.0	1.003	•	1.600	0.982	1.300	1.000
M8.69	#6*96	25.0	£66 • ?	1. 900	1.000		1.000	1.000
54.4W	70° 16	25.0	7. 440 7. 400 7.	•	000	7. 94¢	1.000	1.06.1
65.58	101.88	28.0	4 8 °C	1.060	1.60.	6.857	1.000	1.00.1
NO -99	163.9W	29.0	Ś	1.096	000**	5.772	1.000	1.000
66.5%	106.1W	30.0	6.257	1.000	0000-1	0.583 0.33	000	1.060
67.38	110.74	32.0	0.033	1.000	1.007	1.457	1.000	1.000
67.7N	113.2W	33.0	6.0.0	€66*3	1.000	90406	1.000	٠
88.2N	115.74	34°C	N € 9 € 0	3.954 0.00	1.300	795. م 199	1.000	1.000 1.000
68.5H	10.94	36.0	9 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	0.638	200 · 1	0.169	766-0	טַיִּטָּ
6.8.8N	123-54	37.0	10040	3.35	1.000	0.040	0.988	•
N6.89	126.34	36.0	0.0.0	0.135	1.000	0.911	6.956	1.000
69.IN	129.14	39∙€	060-0	0.638	1-000	200.0	0.875	•
89°18	#6*1ET	C •	3 C	6000	000	0.00	10.754	000-1
M2.00	137.54	6.7.0		9		636.6	2.513	1.000
39.1M	145.031	, 3 ° C) () () ()	. 0	666.0	0.90	0. +68	
40.69	143-14	0-44	0.000	000 0	0. 196	0.00	0.343	٠
68.9N	45.8	7 · ·	000.0	0 (0.478	0.00	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	•
2 4 5 6 7	148.52) • C • •	000 °0	. C	7 7	000.0	080.0	406.0
5.00		0 0 0	10 m	0000	0.440	0.107	6 4 C	
7.8	, v)*6 ,	٥	5.033	=	0.30	0.020	.98
7.5	au i	50.0	0.00 J	9,000	6.072		0.008	9.969
67.1N	161.14	51.0	760-3	C	۳,	۲.	9	•

GPT LANS RUTPUT	JT A 3	œ	IIMStabad 97A	ION STUDIES	61611616	*	NUPP 74CVL	74(VLF£CM)SERWR4
		∀ :	KASE PERBAPTITIES	FOR FIXED T	HRESH™LDS			
	TPANSMITTES MAK. POWER HEGUENCYHITE KWZ		TRANSPITTED LICATION	10h +4.7% 6	7 o 3 ki	WILSE BW = 3500	га јус 1 кч2 1• пе6	
RECEIVER	LOCATIONS	OTSTANCE	•	S PF JBARILIT	,		IN PRIBAGILIT	ITY
LATCREG)	Lancuec)	(553)	J + 4 4 4 1	T= +8.0	?• 1€. =1	T= 12.6	[= -5.0	0 • • -= 1
,	27 (7)	6			;	3	6 6 6	770
66.28	103.4%	53.6	3 (c)	000	* C		3 60 C	0.930
65. TN	167.94	54.0	. દ	0.900	.9	00000	0.000	0.913
65.2N	169.94	55.0	•	0.000	•	606.0	000-0	1.909
20.40	10-1/1		3 C	- 0	3.00 m			200
63.5%	175.64	58.0		000			000	0.822
95.29	177.34	59°C	760	303-0	1.00.0	\$3 \$0 0	2.00	0.777
62.2N	179.0#	0.09	0.013	0.000	Ů• û01	0.900	00000	0.726
61.68	179.45	51.c	0.040	ე. ანშ	000°C	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	300	3.665
49.21	17695) • Z • Z	360.0	0000	700.0	00000		0.590
59.55	175.25	9	7 (T)	000	0.00	0.00	000	3.454
58.84	173.75	55.0	303-3	0000	300-1	696. 0	00000	3-465
150 N	172.4E	56.0	0.00	0.00	000.0	0000	000	0.360
57.34	171.15	67.0	3 to	0.000	300°0	600		0.321
55.84	166.85	69.0	00000	00000	000.0	0.00	000	0.246
85.0M	167.76	70.07	6.000	0.000	200.0	2.00	0.000	5-211
N2-95	166.6E	71.0	005-0	00000	3-300	00.0	0.000	0.181
53.42	165.55	72.9	C00 -0	000	0.000	0000	0000	0.156
51.84	163.75	200	? ∪ ? u ? u ?	0000	00000	6,640	000	0.125
\$1.0N	162.85	75.0	3.003	000-0	000-0	00000	0000	0.108
50.1H	161.95	26.6	0000	0.00°	0000	0000	0.000	0-033
	161.7E	J. 1.			3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00000	000.0	0.078
47.6K	159.45	79.0	0 60	000-0	200.0	0000	0000	0.053
46.78	158.6E	90.0	093-3	0.000	00000	034.0	0.000	0.043
45.98	157.95	91.0	00.0	000	0000	0.000	000	0.034
47.04	17.001	200						70.0
43.3N	1000	84.0	0000	000	0.00	000.0	0000	\$10°0
42. 4N	155.18	85.0	3.3.3	0.00.	2.000	0.00	00000	9.011
41.5H	154.5E	86.0	260 • 3	0.00		0.000	000.0	600.0
40.7R	153.96	87.0	000.0	0°00°	0.00		000	2000
70 · 60 c	1536 35	200	2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6					
38.08	152.15	0.00	0000					400.0
37.1N	151+56	91.0	1000	000-6		0.100	9000	0.00
36.2N	151.0E	92.0	000.0	0.00		0.000	0.000	0.003
35,34	150.4E	93.6	0.010 0.010	0.000	•	101°0	000-0	3.00.0

GPTIANS T AUTPUT A3	T A 3	œ	ADITABANCA 114	en studits	11123771	ŕ	4.00 74(VLF	74(VLF854)SE0004
		3 A 7	COLLEGE BENGARY LITTE	r CBRIA SHA	74xES49LDS			
	TRANSMETTED NAMPOLER STOCOSONER FREQUENCY #17.8 KHZ		TARESMETTED LUCATERN 44.74		67.3W	HINDH SE BE STEN	H JUL I KHZ • 9EG	
RECEIVER L'SCATITHS	. 3CATI?WS	DISTANCE	,,	li Tiorgado	•	W/s	N PASBAHILITY	*
LATCUESS	LANCDEGO	(Dě6)	3 4 3 4 H	T + 68.0	T= 30+0	T= 1200	J= =5.	T==26.0
34.48	149.95	3.46	6.0.0	000.00	3. 490	, 3° ° °	00000	1.022
33. 5N	149.4F	3.54	200	1.000	30000	CO	0.000	3.0.0
32.6N	146.95	16.6	0.000	0.000	€60°E	0.30	0.000	1,061
31.7N	148.45	31.0	nea+3	0.00	0.000	0.169	30000	3.003
33.64	147.95	ე•86	011-0	0.000	3.00.0	, o, e	00717	0.012
26.62	147.45	0.66	6 E G = 3	0.00	c.003	0.000	0000	3.002
29.0M	146.9E	100.0	500 · 1	3.360	3°0	0000	0000	2,000
28.3%	146.5E	101.0	16.40-3	. 033	3.000	0.004	0.000	0.031
11.72	146.05	102.0	(00-0	0.00	5.00°	100°0	0000	3.0c1
M2 - 92	145.65	103.0	3,703	, 50¢	707.7	60.00	0.0	J. C. I
25.34	145-11	3040	T (0)	J. 663	ુ 69 €	0.000	0.000	0.001
N4.42	144.70	105.0	0.043	0.00	707.0	E 0 F + C	00.0	3.011
23.48	144.35	, 97H	(000	000.7	50.0	2000	0.40
MC • 22	143.45	0 - 201	00.00	0 - 00 0	300.0	000 ° 0	0.390	100.0
21.6M	145.95	0.801	000000	2.030	000.0	0.00	00.0	100.0
#	145010		3 C C		3000			000
	142.25	0.11						
17.9	7 C 1 4 C	1:2.6	16000		30000	- COC - C	0000	3.000
17.3M	141.55	113.9	0.00	0000	000	0.00	0000	2.000
16.0N	141.15	116.0	0.00	00000	0.00	690.0	0.000	0.00
15.1M	1 +C • 7E	1,500	6.00	3.030	100.0	0.104	0000	090.0
14.28	140.3c	116-0	0.0.0	000.0	0.00	0000	000.0	0000
13.2N	139.95	117.0	0.040	o 960	0.000	0.760	00000	3000
12.34	139.6E	113.0	0 C O C O	000.0	300.7	00.0	0.00	2.00.0
11.48	139.2E	119.0	0.0.0	0.000	c.003	0.00	000.0	3.000
10.54	138.86	120.9	0.000	J 000	.00.	00.00	00000	0.000

Sheilde	· 9 ii	•	TESTOS ALV	Ide of Prifes	A	·	TUPP TECUE	<u> </u>
		4.4	SCILLTIL BOWNER ACERS	iskle as	THRESHME US			
	TALNSKITTE ALL PORKE = 10.0.0.74 FERGUINCY=17.0 RHZ		1926.541112.1.4021	Vr . 4. 78.	47.0 W	SO TO TO SERVICE	78 JUL 1 142 0, 055	
RECEIVER	1.9CATIM4S	LIUFANGE		S PPS385JLIT	>	'.	r. paspa-ility	*
LATCOFG)	CO400603	Off	T= 4.4.	3 0 4	, • , · , · , · , · , · , · , · , · , ·	7= 12+n	7 · 4 · 1 · 4 · 1 · 4 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1	T=+24.0
\$ 0.0 \$ 0.0 \$ 0.0	5	٠. ن	C 20 14	ن ج	1,69	1000	1.000	1.000
40.04	52.54	11.3	1.0.1	700	1.30	10,00	1.000	000.1
N9.64	51°24	12.	77 S. P.	.,	1.00.	1.30	707	1.643
2 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78 77 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07	 	~ c c	ני בי	€ 6 	.00*1	000°.	100°1
50.58	W	5 ° 5 °	٠	3 (3	200	-		2021
53.7N	6 - 1 H) • 5 1	, ()) () () ()	50) (i)	100.1	1.000	1-000
86.98	43.6W	17.6	1.00.1	္မ	100.4	1.00-	1.398	1.000
51.2N	P. 2.	ىن 9.∔	70.00	ဗ္ဓ	1.00	1.3C.	1.600	1.50
N. 15		19.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8	1.00°	00€ • ¥	1.000	1.000
71.58	34 . 4 .	20.02		3	် (၈) (၈)		000-1	100°1
51.7N	25 a 7 d	22.0	1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3 0	1.00		7007	: J: • F
51.9N	34.12	23.0	1.00)	30	1,600	1.100	1000	1.00
51.94	32.54	j• 7 7	100 m	ပ္ပ	1.00	1.76"	1.000	1.00.1
52004	83.00 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	C • 5	1.04)	8	1.000	10.4	1.003	1.100
74.0M	77 FC	16.0	1.00.	9 (. 603.	1.36.	1.000	1.033
\$2.0M	30.00	90	() 3 • 1	1.603	1.000	000	000-1	0001
52.0N	74.48	0.67	3000	3	1.00	1.00	1.303	130-1
51.98	22.74	30.0		50	1.00.	1.000	1.990	1.000
7 T - 7 M	21.14 10.54	32.0		96	000		1.000	100°I
51.6N	# (P) 4 (P) 1	33.0)	30	1.59	1.000	00001	1001
51.4N	16.3W	34.0	1.0.1	S	1.600	1.90	1.000	1.000
£ 15	74 · 84	35.0	() · H	2	160.4	1.00	1.003	1-0-1
M1.17	13.78	35.0	7. CO .	ဗ္ဗ	366.4	1.00°.	1.000	1.000
10°	#0•11 0•11) · c		3 :) (0) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1		ດຄວ•ສ.	330°I
50.4N	1000	39.0	7. C. O.	ט י	1,000	166.0		000°1
50.1₩	7.1W	3.04	666.0	3	1.000	906.6	100	1.067
49.8h	5.6W	41.0	269.0	5	1.00.	ὐέε* ψ	1.003	1000
49.54	6 . III	42.0	**************************************	9	1.000	•	1.000	1.000
#2.6 4	2.74	J	166.0	8:	1.09°	٠,	1.000	1.903
	1 Z = 1	, e e e	t 3	36	1001			1.00.0
48.14	1 6 6 5	0 9 9	6	, 0	1.030	0.030	700	
47.7k	2.95	47.6		C	1.000	. 16	1003	1.0.0
47.3N	♦• 35	C • P •	0.9%	2	1.096	3	1.000	1.000
#6.9#	5.55	₹ 6.4°	0	0	1.000	٠,	7.00	1.969
24.04	- O O	0.0	ナイト C	n (300°4		1.003	1.00
•	. •	; • •	,	1.000	.00	•	1.009	1.003

OPTIONS OUTPUT	T JT #3	o	NDIITAROBOO BIA	EN STYPIES	********	z	NUPP 74(VLF	74(VLFAC#)S5P304
		9 A G	ERSGE PAYBAETLITIES	Fra FIXED T	HRESHUEDS			
	TGANSMITTER NAA POMER = 100C.9CM		TRANSMITTER LICATI	0 NZ************************************	3 C + 10	AONISE 3W = BEBAING = 60	гн JUL 1 кч2 1- 0ё6	
RECEIVER	LOCATIONS	OT KNLE		TITESE	,);	'N PRUBAHILIT	7.6
LATCDEG)	rancaeg)	OFO	T = 50.0	7 = 48 °C	T= 30.0	T= 12.9	J-9- =1	J=-24.0
45.5K	53.6	·	3,	•	1.003	0.782	•	1.000
45.0K	, · ; · ;	۰ م	2.6.0	1.000	1.000	0.753	1-000	1.000
****	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· .	216.00	1 200	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	5.50%	•	1.0¢.
43.64	in the second of	55.0	0.843	1.000	1.000	0.00	1.000	1.000
45.9N	15.5	2.T.c	•	1.035	1-100	n.427	•	1.062
45.54	16.55	ب د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	0.891	1,000	1.000	0.567	1.000	1.030
20.14	10.00	7	00100	1.037	1 · C · C · C · C · C · C · C · C · C ·	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	1.000	1000 T
40.7N	19.9E	51.0	6 kg = 3	1.000		5,547		1.000
40.1%	(a)	52.5	5.635	1.000	5	0.529		1.000
39.5%	30.57 20.57	53.6	1.57	1.030	S	J 1 5 4 J	•	1.000
36.98	23 c E	54.0	C + O + O	000 000 1		3.460	1.000	000
37.5K	24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	95.6	0.440		36	5.00		0000
37.0N	26.0E	57.0	8 kg 60	1.033	1-300	3.491	•	1.009
36.4N	27.05	56.0	~	1.036	S	7.364	2.00	1-003
35.78	36 - 12	- 0 0 0	3 C C C C	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	•	5.46.	•	1.00°C
34.48	30 • 67 20 • 67	20.1	4 -4	966	1.000	3.30	200-1	00001
33, 74	36 - 65	72°F		666	1.00	0.761	1.00.	1.00
33.18	31.50	73.2	6.17	666.7	٠ • • • • •	5.261	•	1.000
31. 74	32.32 32.32		6.1.0	20 m 27 d 37 d		0.5.0	700-7	606-1
31.64	34.10	75.0	4 L L L L	156.0	1.600	3,712	• •	1.000
NE - CE	34.95	77.0	\$\$ C *C	5. 335	1.60.	1610	•	1-000
29.6%	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	c e c	6.543		1.00)	r.175	•	070-1
N (+ 0 Z	36.6t	ن ن 4 م	2 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	000	0.152	5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	200 .
27.5h	36.15	10 to 12 to	(he)	A. 132	1000	0.1.7	٠.	200-1
25.7h	36.95	5.72	690 °C	945 0	1.000	9.115		1.000
26.0N	39.7E	93.0	ů.	9.996	1.000	0.103	186.3	1-003
25.3N	40.4	3.4.6			٠	104.0	•	1.00°
24°58		6 10 6 10 6 10 7 10	0.00 SEC	726°0	1.000	1.00°C	•	000.1
23.1M	22.75	3.7.6	6,111	26.6.	1.000	3 4 4 1 4 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6	1 4 6 6 7 7	1.067
22.3N	43.45	Ģ • 89	3	610.0	1.000	9,169		1.000
21.6W	44.15	J•6#	7	CC)	1.003	25v*0	٠	1.000
23.EN	01 (m (2))•0£		<u>.</u>	1000	7967	٠	0000
M1 07	4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	2) to 0)		10) 000 °	v 40.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40		
13.5N	16.454	43.6	٠,	11	707	3.135	0.922	1 0 0 0 T

; ;			AVERLUE PRINABILITIES FOR FIXED THRESHOLDS	FEB FIXED 1	HRESHALDS			
	TRANSMITTER MAA	>		1 : 1		RON		
	POWER = 10.0.0.0.KW FREQUENCY=17.8 KHZ		TRANSPITTE® LOCATION 44.7M		67.3W	NGISE BM = 00.000 = 00.0000	2 KHZ 3- 056	•
FECE IVER	RECEIVED LOCATIONS	DISTANCE	•	S PPG848ILITF	•	70	S/N PR38A9ILITY	1
LATCOEG)	(cancoes)	(953)	J = (A = T	T= 48.9	T= 30.	T= 12.9	T= -6.3	T=-2+.0
17.8M	47.6E	94.0	9,7.0	9.743	1.00	6,033	3.917	1.960
17.0N	48.2E	3.56	ŭ - 045	ŋ. 721	1.300	3.724	0.913	1.000
16.3N	48.9E	96.0	*,00 *0	ē. 693	1.000	0.126	016-0	1.000
15.5W	49.6	3.7.	£03*3	9.663	1.305	621.0	0.908	1.000
16.78	53.2F	J. 86	2 .0. 3	2.633	1-020	0.727	0.916	1.060
13.94	50.95	0.66	740-0	J. 608	1.00ú	0.020	0.912	1.060
13.24	51.5E	1.0.0	Z = 0 = 3	285.3	1.00	0.719	2.907	1.000
15-48	52.2E	101.6	てしつつ	3.556	3.00°	0.115	0.903	1.009
11.64	52.8E	192.0	0001	0.530	1.000	0.013	0.888	1.000
10.8N	53.56	103.0	1 t 0 + 3	f. 504	1.000	211.0	0.883	1.066
10-1N	54.1E	1.4.0	1,000	3.478	1.093	0.011	0.879	1.000
9.34	54.7E	105.0	0.01	0.455	1.000	0.110	0.876	1.000
8.54	55.46	1.6.0	C.C.1	n. 430	1.500	6 7 6 °C	2.876	1.000
7.78	56.0E	167.6	3.000	0. 4 06	1.090	600.0	0.871	1.000
N6 - 5	56.65	108.0	6.69J	0.382	1.000	0.30	0.869	1.000
M1 - 9	57.3E	1:9.0	3(3*)	9.359	20:0:	0.349	3.866	1.060
2.4N	57.9E	110.0	יינייי)	**33£	1.000	9.467	0.862	1.000
¥ . 6 K	58.5%	111.0	0.033	9, 314	1.000	700.0	0.859	1.000
20 · C	59.16	112.6	767-3	0.293	1.04G	92.00	0.855	1.002
3.08	59.76	113.6	9 63- 3	1.273	000° \$	956*6	0.851	1-000
2.2N	34.09	114.0	0.00	452.0	2.090	3.005	0.842	1.000
1.4N	61.0E	115.0	(50.00)	235	1.000	50-0	3.831	1.000
9-64	61.6E	116.f	つとい・い	& >	0.939	401.0	0.819	1-000
0.25	62.2E	117.0	00000	6, 202	0° 994	90.104	0.807	1.060
26.0	62.85	118.0	040.0	0.197	0.999	400.0	0.799	1-000
1.75	63.4E	179.6	າແລະາ	i.173	666*0	E 0 4 6	0.792	1.000
2.55	64 • QE	170.0	0.0 40	0.159	666.5	0.003	3.784	1.000

APTITAS OUTPIT ET			VLF FORTIGE	er portablitud stubies	23737372	e d) N	74(WLFECW)Scaucs
			THE STORT THE WASH	15 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	54 56 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 -		
			FREQUENCY = 23.4 X NOISC of = 1 KHZ	- 23.4 k2 - 23.4 k2 - 20.4 k2			
			サーザルをむま	J.			
587	\$(98)	(rg);	574.6061	(\$)2#913	SIGMA(NU)	SIGMA(SM-L)	401
្	65.5	1,64	\$ 60 K	2.3	104	**	2
.,	77.1	4.7.4		, , , ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °) w) • • •	s 2
20	77.1	47.6	5.67	3.4	2.9	4	: 2
Ę	17.1	47.2	36.9	3.4	5.9	•	£
4.0	77.	1.6.7	4.30	3.4	5.9	(w)	*
60	77.1	46.5	30.5	3.6	2.7	. ") • 4	* *
36	77.	46.4	30.7	3.4	2.1	, m.	*
~ 3	77	*6.2	96.00	3.4	2.8	3 • •	Z
5	70.4	4.4.4	26.3	3.4	2.8	1.4	•
6	66.3	7.2.6	24.9	3.4	3.1	9.4	p
ũ	62.3	E • T •	24.5	2.3	3.1	5.7	0
7.7	0.00	41.6	24.4	2.3	3.0	3.6	۵
2.5	2*99	+1.+	24.8	5.5	3.6	3.6	0
Ξ,	65.4	D. 15	. 45.3	2.9	3.0	3.6	a
1.6	66.5	40.5	25.1	2•2	2.3	3.5	o
5.3	9.99	2.00	26.6	2.0	æ .v	3.5	6
15	65.7	(° 0 %	26.7	2.2	2.3	3.5	a
	2.99	40.7	26.3	2.3	3.0	3.6	٥
ec. ₹	65.1	41.9	24.7	o•?	3°C	3.6	a
13	55.5	43.6	23.4	~1	3.2	3.7	E
23	4.99	6.44	21.5	o.2	3.2	3.7	.
1 2	66.3	4 5 ° 8	20.4	ú•₹	3.1	3.7	· C
2.5	65.i	46.2	19.8	7.0	3, 1	3.7	
23	65.8	46.2	1.67	2.0	3.1	3. T	۵

eptions t	+	1,	VLF pp=pstsft=m Sturies	3323333	3) • •	NUPP 74(VLFAUM)KEPIDS	500 d 250
		93 1 ¢ 6	Do LEVELS FOR FIXED PERBELLITIES				
TRANSATTTER 15S PECELVER GR MONTH JUL	455 39,04 76,54 Gray 53,48 53,58				TR PAMEN = FACQUENCY = MATCH ALL	23.4 KHZ	
S	PATH = 18.1 755				म्ह ६९६४ व्य	* C2	
		SCJE)			SZACDED		
GMT	675-0=0	006*0=a	066°J=d	Sage Cad	U ?b°L=c	₽=¢ •99₽	T JM
00	65.6	63.0	6.0.6	19.5	14.0	11.1	c
٠,٢	77.	7.2.0	64.3	29.6	2.4.0	19.	z
32	77.1	72.8	69.3	29.5	73.8	19.2	2
60	77.1	4.2.F	43.3	39.0	74.3	19.6	z
4 0	77.1	77.3	69.3	36.06	1.91	26.5	z
200	77.1	5.7	£ 6.00	30.5	35.0	5002	Z
9.0	1 - 1 - 1	8.7.L		31.50	25.2	2.3.6 2.1.5	2 1
38	10.4	66.1	52.6	26.6	20.4	9 4	: 1-
60	64.9	9.70	49.1	24.9	19.0	14.2	۰
91	65.8	63.2	61.1	24.5	19.7	15.8	0
11	66.3	53.5	4.14	74.4	19.8	16.0	۵
71	2.00	63.7	9-1-6	24.8	20.2	16.5	a
1.5	4 • 000	6.50	٠ ١٠ ١	25.5	90.9	17.1	ت (
12	9.99	64.1	62.0	26.6	75.6	2.8.5	: c
91	66.7	1.99	5.24	26.T	,2.2	19.5	0 0
11	66.7	7.49	62.1	25.0	71.4	17.6	Ð
18	66.7	64.1	62.0	7.4.7	26-1	10.4	Ē.
61	66.5	64.3	61.9	23.2	16.4	14.5	ပ
53	4.99	63.9	61.8	21.5	16.8	12.9	O
21	66.3	63.7	41.6	20.4	15.7	11.8	6
77	7-99	63.5	61.4	19.8	1.5.1	11.3	C)
23	65.8	63.3	5 2	19.1	14.9	11.0	0
OB LEVEL	, ,		,	,	•	;	
FALETUEU	0.10	7.,0	1.16	25.6	20 · 20 ·	13.6	

dutput 63	<u>.</u>	•	WLF PROPAGATION STUDIES	********	d d J		
		PAGGAR	PAGGABILITIES FOR FIXED TABESLANDS	30 16		T TALEBOOS	*)5E#095
TRANSAITTER ASS RECEIVER GB	#55 39.64 76.54 68AY 53.44 60.54				TR PPEREN	503. gw	
GREAT CIRCLE	PATH = 18-1 056				FREGUENCY = NOTSE BU = 12 BEARING=		
	v	PROBABILITY					
641	T= 60.0	T= 56.9	T= 72.3	7≈ 18•€	ALITEBBEET LA		
					,	1 = 30 °C	104
30	166-7	6.420	* 600 0				
	1.603	865.5	155.0	199*	ú-11ú	5.36.5	c
7 6	1.000	666.5	(1, 937	0.995	0 .6 99	3.481	.
7 4	303-1	666.5	(6937	0.995	0.893	0.459	t æ
36	100 · M	665.0	12677	966 - 1	0.939	3.496	: 4
<u> </u>	1.000	0.959	260.0	0.997	9-924	3.536	: 4
0 5	1.000	666.0	- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	366 0	916.0	0.546	2 4
	7.003	666.7	, C.	866.0	396-3	3.546	2 4
D (666.0	9.905	0.316	866.3	0.944	5.535	t a
, .	0.9₽C	\$19*	440.0	3.967	0-675	0.177	2 -
- ·	6.993	6.457	0000	6.334	0.576	0.135	- •
11	886.0	9.504	C. 092	656.0	0.552	0.070	- 6
	566.7	0.546	2000	24.46.5	0.543	0.359	. =
1	D () () () () () () () () () (186.2	E 600 4 3	1,6 3/1	6.589	3.274	
	5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	605-0	0,003	796.0	0.661	0.105	. a
, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	5000 to 1000 t	£.627	400-0	2000	0.723	C-134	.
	NA 0 0	6.637	400-0	200	6.175	6-166	ç
90	V.V.V.	U.538	9-004	7.007	0.779	0.177	4
1.9	P. C.	6.636	÷.00+	0.037	197.0	0-130	0
20	N 60 60	6.613	400.0		766.4	3.072	٥
21	A61.00	0.586	6.293	1160	0.412	0-133	G
2.5	666	(.554	ú. U 0 2	1 3 5 E	0-256	0.012	. 0
23	¥ 0 0 0	0.514	0.002	0.403	897-0	3-30-5	0
,	011.7	3 - 4 6 6	700.00	76040	9-129	0.003	C
DATLY				* 10	0-123	600.0	۵۵
AVERAGE	866 • ?	207.00					
			7620	6.925	C. 617		
					•	20700	

Appendix B
VLFACM GRAPHIC OUTPUTS

NHH (1000,0KW,17,00KHZ)
JUL (HE HIJURE)
B. 2014 (NOING BW 1KHZ)
S.R.
C. (UK
NGH 14,70 57,30

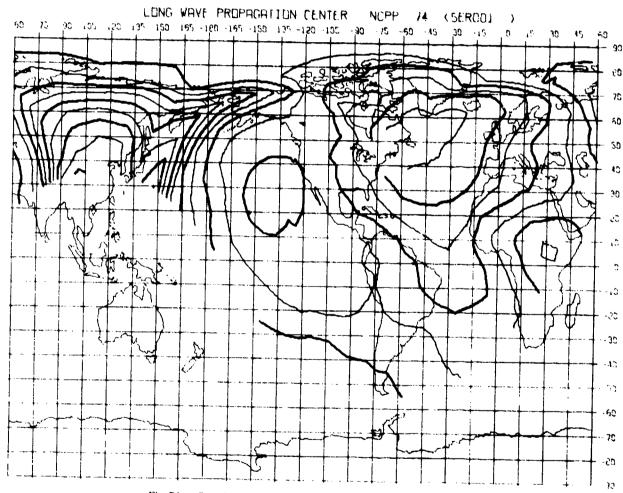


Fig. B1 — Sample plot from the SEGGON Program for Serial No. 001

\$55N \ 100.0KW.25.10KHZ)
MIN \ \$00.0AW)
JUL (ALL HOURS)
 0.00TA NO!SE 5W=1000HZ
5/J
 LAT LBN
555N 60.00 -10.00
MIN 54.00 28-00

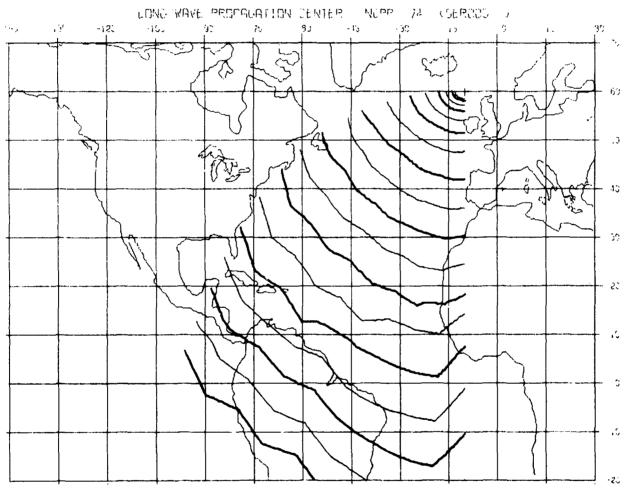


Fig. B2 - Sample plot from the SEGCON Program for Serial No. 003

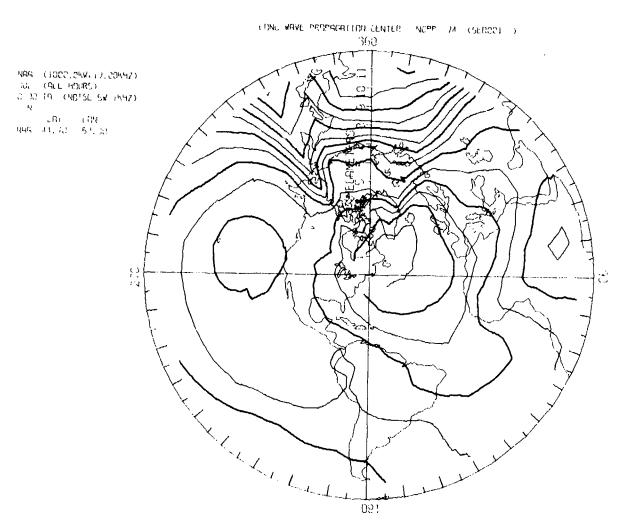


Fig. B3 — Sample plot from the POLCON Program for Serial No. 001

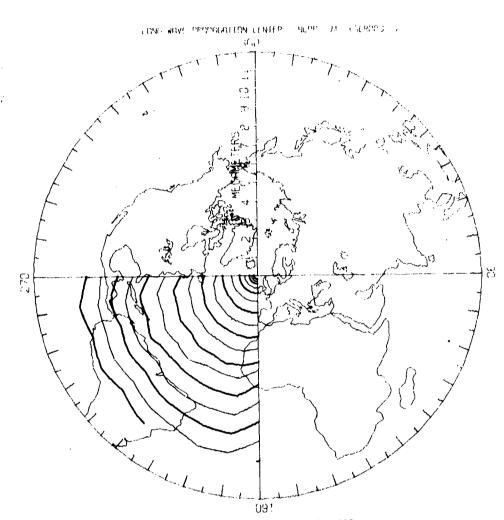


Fig. B4 - Sample plot from the POLCON Program for Serial No. 003

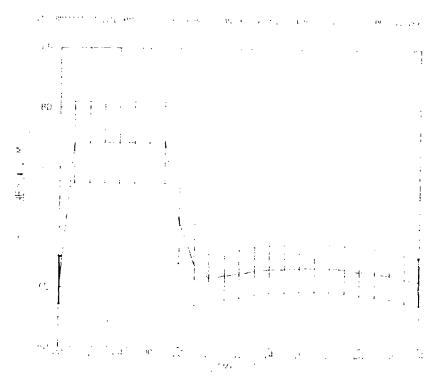


Fig. B5 - Sample plot from the B3PLOT Program for Serial No. 005, B1 Option

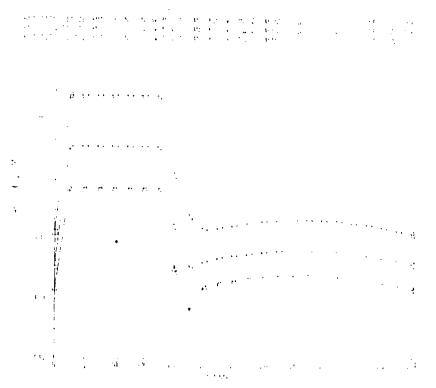


Fig. B6 — Sample plot from the B3PLOT Program for Serial No. 005, B2 Option

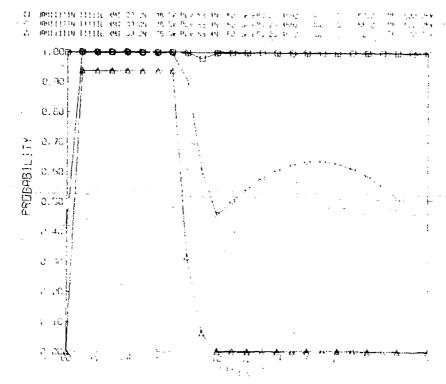


Fig. B7 - Sample plot from the B3PLOT Program for Serial No. CO5, B3 Option

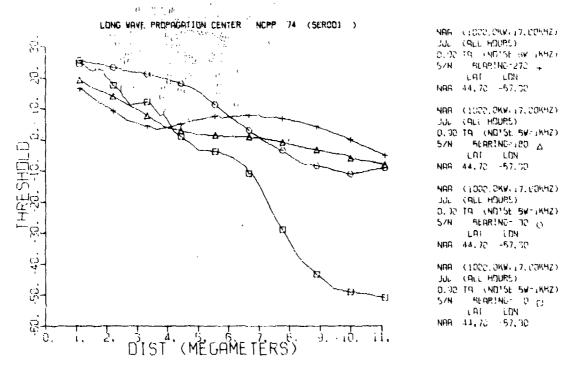


Fig. B8 - Sample plot from the RADPLT Program for Serial No. 001